MYSORE PROVINCE,

SEPTEMBER, 1875.

PROCEEDINGS

OF

THE HON'BLE R. A. DALYELL, M. C. S.,

OFFG. CHIEF COMMISSIONER.

PART I—A, IN EXTENSO.

JUDICIAL.—*Nil.*
REV. AG. & COM.
Do. FORESTS.
FINANCIAL.
GENERAL.
EDUCATIONAL.
MILITARY.

PART II—B, IN ABSTRACT.

JUDICIAL.
REV. AG. & COM.
Do. FORESTS.
FINANCIAL.
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BANGALORE:

MYSORE GOVERNMENT PRESS,

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PART I.

DEPT. OF REVENUE, AGRICULTURE AND COMMERCE.

A.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF MYSORE FOR THE MONTH OF SEPTEMBER 1875.

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3 to 4	*Cotton Trade.* Forwarding to Commissioners of Divisions and Deputy Commissioners of Districts copies of Government of India Resolution on the subject, for information and guidance.	No. 3827—114, dated 6th Sept. 1875.	...	...	2 to 4
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From the Commissioner, Nagar Division, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, General No. 239—Rev. 50, dated 27th July 1875.

In submitting herewith the accompanying statement of irrecoverable balances of the Kadur District for the year 1874—75 amounting to Rs. 587—14—3, has the honor to request you will be so good as to obtain the Chief Commissioner's sanction to the items comprised in the statement being written off the accounts.

2 No. 4365—Rev. 21, dated Bangalore, 1st September 1875.

Order.—The Officiating Chief Commissioner is pleased to sanction the remission of the arrears amounting to Rs. 571—9—8 exclusive of the sums noticed below.

2. The Commissioner is requested to report whether Rs. 4—4—7 is the amount of jodi payable by Kulvadi Dodda of Biganahalli in the Chikmagalur Taluk on his service land.

3. As regards the balance of Rs. 11—10—9 under the head of Abkari, the Amildar should be required to explain why the license was not withdrawn on default of payment of the fee in advance as directed in clause 4 of the Abkari License-form.

4. All lands sold for arrears when there are no bidders should be bought in and registered as "Government" land.

5. The Officiating Chief Commissioner desires that the attention of Deputy Commissioners may be drawn to the necessity of insisting on the Local cess being paid at every khist proportionately to the Land Revenue demand. It is unnecessary to observe that irregularities in this respect will derange the credits under one head or the other where remissions become ultimately necessary for default or other cause.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 6th September 1875.

No. 10 / 383—393.

3 *Extract from the Proceedings of the Government of India in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce,—dated Simla, the 12th July* 1875.

STATISTICS.

RESOLUTION.

It is desirable that the Government of India should receive fuller and earlier information than is at present to be obtained of the condition and prospects of the cotton trade in the several Provinces of India. Until the abolition of the appointment of the Commissioner of Cotton and Commerce with the Government of India that officer was specially responsible for supplying to Government the fullest information which was obtainable and for submitting periodical reports on the subject. Now that that appointment no longer exists, it becomes necessary to arrange for the collection and submission direct to the Government of India of the information which formerly went to the Office of the Commissioner. What is wanted is a statement which will place the Government of India in a position to lay before Her Majesty's Government in England a complete account of the cultivation of cotton and the trade in the article in the whole Indian Empire. With this object in view it is essential that the reports of Local Governments should be framed in such a manner that they shall all embody the latest and most accurate information on certain specific points.

2. At present there is no uniformity in the reports of the various Local Governments and Administrations. In some cases no attempt is made to estimate the area under cultivation and the yield of the crop, particulars of the import and export trade only being given, and even these imperfectly. In other cases tolerably full reports on the cultivation and yield are furnished, but nothing is stated in regard to the trade. And in many cases no special reports at all are furnished.

3. The reports which the Government of India already receive are as follows :—

The Government of Madras submit no special report beyond the trade and navigation returns and the scanty information furnished in the general and revenue administration reports.

The Government of Bombay issue a very complete report on the administration of the Cotton Department containing comprehensive information regarding the cultivation and trade.

In Bengal no special report is prepared. A few paragraphs are given to the subject in the annual report on the administration of the Custom's Department, but they refer only to the trade. No information is given about the extent or yield of cultivation in any of the administration or other reports of the Local Government.

The Government of the North-Western Provinces issue an annual report on the actual out-turn of the cotton crops shewing the area of cotton land and the yield. No information is furnished as to the trade in cotton in these Provinces.

From the Government of the Panjab an annual report on the cultivation of cotton in the Panjab is received, and in the Panjab trade report certain paragraphs are specially given to the cotton trade.

The Chief Commissioner of Oudh submits no special report. Figures shewing the extent of cultivation and the out-turn are given in the revenue administration report and figures of the trade are given in the trade section of that report.

In the Central Provinces a portion of the report on the trade and resources of these Provinces is devoted to cotton, regarding the cultivation of and trade in which much information is given.

The Resident at Hyderabad submits an annual special report on the cultivation of cotton in the Hyderabad Assigned Districts. There has also lately been received through this officer for the first time a return of the cultivation and trade in the Nizam's dominions. It is hoped that this return may be continued. There is also received a weekly report shewing the exports during the cotton season from the Central Provinces and Berar.

In Mysore a return of the cultivation is contained in the report on the revenue administration and figures of the import and export trade are given in a special annual report, but these figures appear to be untrustworthy and are not well arranged.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 6th September 1875.

In British Burma cotton statistics are dealt with in the revenue administration report and the report on trade and customs.

No returns are furnished from Assam; nor are any specially received from the Political Agencies in the Native States.

4. It will be observed that it is only from Bombay, the North-Western Provinces, the Panjab, the Central Provinces and Berar that special reports are received at present. The Governor General in Council requests that all Local Governments and Administrations will be good enough to make early arrangements for the submission of reports of the kind required annually within three months of the expiration of the official year, and that the report for the past financial year may be submitted as early as possible. These reports should contain, with such other particulars as may seem to the Local Government necessary or desirable, the information detailed below, and care should be taken to obtain as correct and trustworthy statistics as practicable:—

1.—Total area under cultivation in acres in each district.
2.—Particulars regarding the season.
3.—Total out-turn of each district of cleaned cotton in cwts.
4.—Average out-turn per acre for each district.
5.—Quality of out-turn.
6.—Average ruling prices of cotton retained for local consumption.
7.—Average prices realized for cotton exported.
8.—Total estimated value of the crop.
9.—Total quantity exported from the Province by river, road, rail or sea, localities to which exported, and how packed, &c.
10.—The Provinces on the sea-board will also state the prices ruling for shipments, rates of freight, prices in the English market, &c.

5. It will be well that the special reports now required for each year should also if possible be made to include similar information for purposes of comparison for the two years previous to the year of report.

Madras. | Oudh.
Bombay. | Central Provinces.
Bengal. | British Burma.
N. W. Provinces. | Mysore.
Panjab. | Assam.
Hyderabad.

ORDER.—Ordered, that a copy of this Resolution be forwarded to the Governments and Administrations noted in the margin for information and early attention.

(True Extract)

A. O. HUME,
Secretary to the Government of India.

No. 10—391.—To the Chief Commissioner of Mysore and Coorg.

No. 3827—REV. 114, DATED BANGALORE, 6TH SEPTEMBER 1875.

ORDER THEREON.—ORDERED that the foregoing Resolution be printed and circulated to the Commissioners of Divisions, and the Deputy Commissioners of Districts for information and guidance.

2. The report for 1874—75 should be submitted at an early date, accompanied by a return in the enclosed form, in which the statistics of the two previous years should also be shewn as far as obtainable.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

Statement shewing the Area of Cotton Cultivation and Trade in the——————————Division for the year 187 —7 .

District. Number. Taluk.	Total area under cultivation in acres.	Particulars regarding the season.	Total out-turn of cleaned cotton in cwts.	Average out-turn per acre.	Quality of out-turn.	Average rulling prices per cwt of cotton retained for local consumption.	Average prices realized per cwt for cotton exported.	Total estimated value of the crop.	Total quantity exported from this Province.			Remarks.
									Quantity.	By carts, bullocks, rail.	Localities to which exported.	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
			cwt. Lbs. R.	lbs. Rs. cwt.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		lbs. Rs. cwt.			

Note.—1. In column 2 must be entered the name of the months during which the seeds were sown and the crop harvested,
2. The cwt. referred to in column 3 is equivalent to 112 lbs. or the weight of 4,480 Rs.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 6th September 1875.

No. 2546, G.

Extract from the Proceedings of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, under date the 19th December 1874.

Read a letter from the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, No. 5996—123, R, dated 19th * ultimo, recommending that a Topographical Survey be undertaken in connection with the Revenue Survey of the Mysore Territories.

* To the Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.

OBSERVATIONS.—The Governor General in Council observes that the proposed measure is in every way desirable, and that the survey when completed will be of great service to the country.

The Chief Commissioner of Mysore estimates from data supplied by similar operations elsewhere in British India, that the annual charge will amount to about Rs. 70,000. But the aggregate cost, as well as the time to be allowed for the execution of the operations, will depend on the extent to which the work done by the Revenue Survey can be utilized. The revenues of the State of Mysore are in a satisfactory condition and are fully equal to meeting the charge involved in these proposals.

RESOLUTION.—His Excellency in Council directs that a Topographical Survey of Mysore be undertaken without delay and that the execution of the work be entrusted to the Surveyor General of India, who will be requested to make the necessary arrangements and to report after the experience of the work of one year, what the aggregate cost is likely to be, and within what time the operations will be finished.

ORDER.—Ordered, that a copy of the above Resolution be forwarded to the Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce for information and the issue of the necessary orders.

From the Under-Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce, To the Surveyor General of India, Surveys, No. 67, Calcutta, dated 26th January 1875.

I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 99, dated the 11th instant, stating that it is too late now to form a party to commence the Topographical Survey of Mysore in the current field season, but that you hope to be able to organize a party to start operations during the next field season.

2. In reply, I am to say that the Governor General in Council approves of your proposals, and to request that you will place yourself in direct communication with the Chief Commissioner on the subject and report the final decision arrived at in the matter for the information of the Government of India.

No. 68.

Copy, with copy of the letter to which this is a reply, and of Foreign Department Resolution No. 2516, G, dated 19th December 1874, forwarded to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore for information, with reference to his letter No. 5996, dated the 19th November 1874.

From the Surveyor General of India, To the Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, No. 99, dated Calcutta, 11th January 1875.

I have the honor of acknowledging your letter No. 781, dated the 29th December last, desiring me to report on the plan of the operations required for a Topographical Survey of the Mysore Province, which are to be started without delay at the cost of the revenues of the Mysore State.

2. I beg to state for the information of the Government of India, that the current field season has extended too far to admit of any changes or suspension of the existing programmes of this Department at this juncture, and it will be necessary to take time to draft and raise a suitable establishment competent for the survey in question from the Department at large, and to equip it for the commencement of important operations in a new and distant Province.

3. Unfortunately efficient and trained Surveyors are not to be found whenever wanted, and the urgent requirements of the Department necessitate great care and caution in recruiting a new party

and filling up the vacancies thus caused. During the ensuing recess, I hope to be able to recommend an Officer experienced in topography, and to construct an establishment suitable for starting the work in good time for next cold season, before which it would not now be possible to depute a qualified Officer with Assistants and equipment for the undertaking.

4. From the information before me, I apprehend that the nature and style of the operations should be a topographical delineation of the country, on the scale of 2 inches to the mile, supplementing the revenue details of the assessment survey of "Fields" and villages to the greatest extent possible, precisely as is now being done in the Poona and Nasik Districts of the Bombay Presidency.

5. The great triangulation sufficiently covers the country to permit of all further necessary minor triangulation and rigorous fixing of the revenue and assessment survey trijunction points, for the incorporation of their materials as far as practicable. In other words, the Mysore country is perfectly ready for such a Topographical Survey to be carried on.

6. I recommend for the above purpose that a local grant of Rs. 40,000 may be made for the ensuing financial year, which will give about 6 or 7 months only in which we shall be able to work. In the following financial year the establishment may perhaps be raised to the full strength averaging between 60,000 and 70,000 per annum. But the total cost of the survey of so large a Province it is totally out of the question to calculate before any experience has been obtained as to the progress likely to be made and this must be left for future estimates.

7. This Department works with full effect with the means placed at its disposal and the progress attained depends on such a variety of local causes, as to defy any attempts to predict how many years such a survey would take.

From the Surveyor General of India, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Bangalore, No. F—495, dated Simla, 2nd August 1875.

Referring to previous correspondence on the subject of commencing the Topographical Survey operations of the Mysore Territory, during the ensuing season, and the instructions of the Government of India to depute two Half Parties, in October next, for making the necessary preliminary triangulation of the country commencing from the north, and following as near as possible the track of the completed Revenue and Assessment Survey.

2. I have now the honor of stating for the information of the Chief Commissioner that two parties as per margin, have been organized, and will be ready to take the field at such time after the 1st October next as may be deemed advisable.

No. 8 Party, 1st Division, Nundydroog, Captain George Strahan, R. E, Deputy Superintendent in charge, with 3 Assistants.

No. 9 Party, 2nd Division, Nagar, Captain McCullagh, R. E., Assistant Superintendent in charge temporarily, with 3 Assistants.

3. These Half Parties will be recruited to full strength for the following season, when it is hoped the Topographical or detail Professional Survey may be prosecuted with full vigour, on the skeleton triangulation derived during the ensuing season.

4. Full general instructions have been issued to Captains Strahan and McCullagh for their guidance. But the detailed instructions, for the style and scale of the Professional Survey, must await further orders of the Government of India, on the termination of the Survey Conference at Poona now sitting.

5. Under any system of survey, it will be imperative for the local authorities to prepare the country for survey, by fixing and distinguishing the triple junction station marks of villages, without which this Department cannot proceed, if it is expected that we are to utilize the Revenue Survey village boundaries from the Rans of the Assessment Survey, as is now being done in the Bombay Presidency, Northern Division.

6. I trust therefore the Chief Commissioner will be good enough to issue such orders to the local authorities of the two Divisions as may ensure a sufficient demarcated area in the way described above, in advance of the Professional Survey Triangulation, without which fair progress cannot be accomplished and no future combination of the two surveys can possibly be made.

7. Captain McCullagh being now at Bangalore, will be able to carry out any preliminary arrangements or enter into any negotiations which may be deemed desirable if placed in communication with the proper Civil Officers.

8. Captain Strahan having important work of the current season's survey to bring up and render, cannot be at Bangalore before the first week of October, which it is hoped will be in sufficient time for his party to break ground in the northern portion of the Nundydroog Division.

9. It is hoped that these two Half Parties may be worked during the half of the current financial year, or from October to March inclusive, on the assignment of 40,000 Rs. already made by the Chief Commissioner, and it will be our aim to confine the entire expenses within this sum.

10. For the ensuing financial year the full estimate of 80,000 Rs. for each Party will have to be provided in the local Budget, with which sum the operations may be prosecuted to the greatest advantage.

11. It will be the first object of this Department to carry out the wishes of the Chief Commissioner, and of the Local Civil Authorities, to the fullest extent possible, and I would crave for the excellent and experienced Officers appointed to this duty, on whom the importance of this point has been urged, the assistance and co-operation of the Local Civil Officers, as well as of the Revenue Survey and Assessment Officers so essential to proper success.

12. The divisions for the Topographical Survey will be arranged as compactly as possible, in conformity with the limits of the commissionerships, and so as to follow the course of the Revenue and Assessment Survey already completed, working from north to south.

13. The entire Province of Mysore is roughly estimated at 27,000 square miles* of which about 13,000 appear to have been brought under the Revenue and Assessment Survey. But in the tabular statement attached to your letter No. 8294, dated the 13th February 1875, there are said to be 21 taluks aggregating 5,771,353 acres equal to 8,953 square miles assessed at 25,67,440 Rs. which it is presumed represents the cultivated and culturable land as assessable only.

* See Statistics published in the Mysore Administration Report for 1872—73.

14. If the Chief Commissioner has any further suggestions to make regarding the carrying on of these important operations, I shall be glad to be favored with the same.

No. 4485—G. 106, DATED BANGALORE, 6TH SEPTEMBER 1875.

ORDER.—The Surveyor General of India intimates in his letter No. 405 of 2nd August last, (above quoted) that two Half Parties composed as marginally denoted, will, for the purpose of the Topographical Survey of Mysore, sanctioned by the Government of India, commence operations in October next.

No. 8 Party.
Captain G. Strahan, R. E., Dy. Superintendent in charge with 3 Assistants.

No. 9 Party.
Captain J. R. McCullagh, R. E., Assistant Superintendent with 3 Assistants.

2. The Party under Captain Strahan, R. E., will break ground in the Nundydroog Division, and that under Captain McCullagh, R. E., will commence work in the north-east of the Nagar Division, taking up at first, the Taluks of Dodéri, Pavagada, Hiriyur, Hosdurga, Chitaldroog and Kankuppa.

3. The Surveyor General in para 5 of his letter of 2nd August 1875, points out that in order to carry into effect the intentions of Government that this survey should utilize the village boundaries as determined by the Revenue Survey, it will be essential that, as a preliminary measure, steps should be taken to fix and distinguish the triple junction station marks of villages. Mr. Dalyell learns from the Superintendent of the Revenue Survey that excepting in the Taluks more recently surveyed, where the advisability of providing that the village tri-junction marks should be of a somewhat permanent character, these marks in the earlier operations of the survey were of a temporary description and although sufficiently denoted in the village maps to admit of identification have no doubt for the most part become obliterated.

4. Before therefore any progress can be made by the Topographical Survey, beyond the necessary *reconnoissance* and other preliminary work, it will be requisite to identify and mark afresh the triple junction points. The importance of doing this work effectively cannot be underrated, and after giving the subject the fullest consideration and con-

sultation with Captain Grant and Captain McCullagh, the Officiating Chief Commissioner is statisfied that it will be requisite to detach a special staff of measurers, under the direction if necessary of a European Officer, to carry out the work, and that no time should be lost in commencing the operation. Mr. Dalyell is assured that though these marks are well known to the village Patels and others, their guidance cannot be relied upon, wherever a village boundary has been made the subject of dispute.

5. The precise agency to be employed in the work is still under consideration, but the Officiating Chief Commissioner desires that no delay may occur in apprizing the people generally of the objects of the Topographical Survey and the nature and extent of the aid that will be required.

6. For this purpose a *Notification will be published in the Gazette, and the Local Officers are enjoined to adopt the necessary means for giving it the fullest publicaty in every village within the limits of the Nundydroog and Nagar Divisions.

*Copy subjoined.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

NOTIFICATION.

The Supreme Government having sanctioned the commencement of the Topographical Survey of the Mysore Province, the Officiating Chief Commissioner directs that the following instructions shall be issued for the information and guidance of all classes of the people.

2. The object of the Revenue Survey in Mysore, which has been for some years in progress, has been to survey and assess all holdings from which the State derives or may hereafter derive its land revenue. On the other hand, the Topographical Survey has no concern with the survey and assessment of fields, nor with the demarcation of village boundaries, when these boundaries have been already determined by the Revenue Survey Department. Its object is to delineate the features of the country, such as the position of villages, hills, rivers, banks and reservoirs, &c.

3. The Officiating Chief Commissioner further desires it to be distinctly understood that while the local Officers and villagers will be required to give all reasonable aid to Officers of the Topographical Survey, no gratuitous labor will be exacted, and those Officers hold themselves responsible that all aid afforded, whether in labor or materials, will be duly paid for.

4. The following are the particulars in which aid will be required.

Stations.—The "Stations" of the Topographical Survey are built on hills, ridges, tank bunds and other sites affording a commanding view. The roofs of buildings and temples will, if access to them be unobjectionable, be selected for signal stations. These "Stations" when built will be placed under the immediate charge of the Patel and other Government servants of the village in which they are respectively situated, and they will be held responsible that the marks used for fixing the "Stations" are not tampered with.

Materials, labor, carriage and supplies.—The villagers will be expected, on adequate remuneration, to supply the Officers of the Survey with such materials as they may require to build the stations, so far as they may be obtainable in villages.

The labor of coolies to supplement the Survey Establishment will at times be required in clearing sites, and in carrying instruments and signalling staves wherever this is indispensable. Supplies consisting of the ordinary necessaries of life, will be supplied to the Officers and employés of the Survey, on payment and after sufficient notice.

Information.—The Patels and other village servants are enjoined to comply promptly with all summons made to them by the Officer of the Survey, and to furnish all required information.

5. A Survey Party consisting of Captain Strahan, R. E., Deputy Superintendent, with three Assistants, will commence operations on or after the 1st October next in the Nundydroog Division, and another Party under Captain McCullagh, R. E., Assistant Superintendent, with three other Assistants, will break ground in the Nagar Division.

"By Order,"
T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 8th September 1875.

From the Commissioner of the Ashtagram Division, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 297—Rev. 41, dated Mysore, 20th July 1875.

Referring to your letter No. 765—11, dated 29th April, I have the honor to state for the information of the Chief Commissioner, that the total area of the lands belonging to the jodi village therein alluded to is 4*k*, 7*k*, 4*m*, (dry measurement). These have been rented by the jodidars to their sub-tenants for Rs. 104—1—0 annually. To this must be added the receipts from Amrayi, Hulgaval, &c., Rs. 4—0—0.

The amount paid to Government by the jodidars annually is Rs. 55—9—0 or about half of the income of the jodi village, the other half being appropriated by the jodidars.

The area capable of being irrigated, out of the 4 kandis and odd above mentioned, is 2*k*, 1*k*, 10*m* dry as per old account and 28*k*, 1*k*, 5*m* wet as measured now. The wet assessment on these lands at the ordinary rate on adjoining wet lands of the same character irrigated from the same channel *viz.* Rs. 10—1—8 per kandi) is Rs. 278—11—3 after deducting the wet assessment on the Kulvadi's lands. The dry rates of assessment at present collected on the above, which will have to be remitted by the jodidars in consequence of the imposition of wet rates of assessment, are Rs. 39—9—2. Making allowance for this, the amount in favor of the jodidars is Rs. 239—2—1, but the amount which they have to pay to Government on the principles laid down in your letter under acknowledgment is Rs. 255—1—4, or Rs. 15—15—3 in excess of the sum obtained by the jodidars from their sub-tenants. As the jodi amount heretofore paid to Government was nearly half of the income of the jodidars, the Deputy Commissioner proposes that the jodi amount now to be collected by Government on the wet lands under remark should bear the same proportion as mentioned in the subjoined statement :—

Area capable of being irrigated.	Wet assessment on the area in column 1 at Rs. 10—1—8 per kandi which will be collected by the jodidars from their sub-tenants, exclusive of that on Kulvadi's lands.	Deduct dry assessment at present levied by the jodidars on the area shewn in column 1.	Balance in favor of the jodidars.	Jodi amount calculated according to the orders of the Chief Commissioner.					Jodi amount proposed by the Deputy Commissioner.				
				Dry rate of assessment on the area in column 1 at the ordinary rate of assessment on similar dry land in the neighbourhood.	Wet assessment on the area in column 1 at the ordinary rate of assessment on adjoining wet lands of the same character irrigated from the same channel.	Difference between columns 5 and 6.	Add to the amount in column 7 the proportionate jodi on the area in column 1.	Total of columns 7 and 8 which is the jodi amount to be paid to Government.	Wet assessment on the area in column 1.	Half of the amount in column 9 to be fixed as the jodi payable to Government annually.	Balance at the credit of the Jodidars.	Deduct the dry assessment on the area in column 1, vide column 3.	Balance in favor of the Jodidars.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
K. M.													
28 1 5	273 11 3	39 9 2	239 1 6	43 6 8	278 11 3	235 4 9	19 12 7	255 1 4	278 11 3	139 5 7½	139 5 7½	39 9 2	99 12 5½

Under these circumstances I request you will be so good as to obtain for me the orders of the Chief Commissioner whether the proposal of the Deputy Commissioner which seems equitable may be carried into effect.

No contribution has been paid by the jodidars on account of the repairs or extension of the channel.

The marginally noted copy of letter from the Deputy Commissioner on the subject is herewith submitted.

No. 393 of 8th June 1875 from Deputy Commissioner, Hassan, with two statements in original.

From the Offg. Deputy Commissioner, Hassan District, To the Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, No. 393, dated Hassan, 8th June 1875.

With reference to your docket No. 110, dated 24th April, conveying certain observations on the statements submitted by this office in connection with the levy of enhanced jodi rates on lands brought

under wet cultivation in the jodi village of Kadvanhosahalli in the Narsipur Taluk, I have the honor to state that the extent shewn in column 4 of the statement A. is the paimayishi measurement of 1873 while that which is specified in statement B. is the extent entered in the village accounts; hence the difference.

2. The amount of jodi paid to Government is actually, as observed by you, Rs. 55—9—0, but, the amount of kandayam, &c., received by the jodidar of Kadvanhosahalli is Rs. 108—1—0; while Kulvadi Lakka enjoys a remission of Rs. 1—2—9. Deducting from these amounts the money paid to Government as jodi (Rs. 55—9—0), there remains a sum of Rs. 56—13—11 in favor of the jodidars.

3. Rupees 39—0—2, shewn in statement A, is only the assessment on lands capable of being converted into wet cultivation. There are also other dry lands in the village, and certain fruit trees (Maravali) from which the jodidars derive an additional revenue. All these items are included in the sum of Rs. 108—1—0 above alluded to.

4. The wet assessment on lands entered in columns 6 should be Rs. 278—11—3, and not 279—12—0. The necessary corrections have therefore been made. The difference between this amount and the *dry assessment on the same extent of land is therefore Rs. 235—4—9. Add to this Rs 55—9—0 above alluded to, the jodi payable to Government would be Rs. 290—13—9. But it seems doubtful whether this difference is to be added to the total amount of jodi, or to so much of it as may be considered to have been levied on lands brought under wet cultivation. If the latter, instructions are necessary as to the mode of calculation, the jodi being fixed on the whole village and not on each field.

* Rs. 43—6—6.

5. The cost of Oodees is estimated at Rs. 602.

6. The statements A and B are herewith returned together with the Kanarese Proceedings.

No. 4529—Rev. 44, dated Bangalore, 8th September 1875.

Order thereon.—The foregoing papers relate to the enhancement of the jodi payable to Government on certain dry lands situated in the jodi village of Kadvanhosahalli in the Narsipur Taluk, and which have now been converted into wet fields by means of the irrigation supplied to them by the extension of the Sriramdevar South Channel.

2. Concurring with the Deputy Commissioner, the Commissioner proposes to levy from the jodidar half of the assessment imposable on the lands at the rates prevailing on adjoining wet fields of the same character; but the Officiating Chief Commissioner is of opinion that the imposition of a definite water-rate is the most simple arrangement that can be made for realizing the rights of Government for water supplied from a Government source and that this rate should in the present case be fixed at Rs. 4 per acre on all the inam dry lands newly brought under irrigation, in addition to the existing jodi subject to revision at the Survey Settlement.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 9th September 1875.

From the Survey and Inam Commissioner in Mysore, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 1208, dated Poona, 18th August 1875.

Under the circumstances stated by the Inam Superintendent in his appended memo, the cancelment of the resumption of the inam in Bhimpur from the date of resumption is recommended for the approval of the Chief Commissioner.

From the Superintendent of Inam Settlements, Mysore, To the Inam Commissioner in Mysore, No. 64, dated Bangalore, 12th August 1875,

Has the honor to refer, for the orders of the Inam Commissioner, extract from the referred case Register No. 16, relating to two resumed inams in the Hoskote Taluk, together with copies of the registers thereof.

Register of cases referred for the orders of the Inam Commissioner.

Serial Register No. 16.

Date of reference, 12th August 1875.

Taluk	.. .. ..	Hoskote.
Village and Nos. of Cases	.. ..	Bhimpur and Marenhalli cases Nos. 22 & 2 respectively.
Register Sheet Nos.	.. . ..	614 and 483.

Object of Reference.

Kengeri Venkanna possessed 2 inams as marginally detailed, which were resumed on the 29th September 1874, and 1st June 1875, respectively, on account of the failure of the party to attend, pursuant to notices of 26th July and 28th August 1873, for the settlement thereof.

Bhimpur.

	K.	K.	P.	Rs.	As	P.
Dry ...	0	3	0	3	7	10
Wet ...	0	4	13	1	15	1
	0	7	13	5	6	11

Marenhalli.

	K.	K.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.
Dry ...	0	3	12	2	2	11
Total ..	0	11	9	7	9	10

2. The inamdar protested against this by petition, dated 25th May 1875, on the grounds :—

(*a*.) That the notice of the 28th August 1873 for the Bhimpur inam was not served on him.

(*b*.) That it was said to be served on Venkatesa Bhatt, the petitioner's father, on the 15th September 1873, whilst he had died in February 1872.

(*c*.) That the other notice for the Marenhalli was duly served on him.

(*d*.) That he failed to attend for the settlement as he was not well for sometime and that he had been abroad. He further stated that he would abide by the orders of the Inam Superintendent regarding Marenhalli inam and prayed that that of Bhimpur might be restored to him, as it was unjustly resumed.

3. The Amil of Bangalore was called on to submit a report, with the original notices issued to the petitioner. He replied on the 31st July 1875, that the signature of Venkatesa Bhatt to the notice of 28th August 1873 was not made by the inamdar, the petitioner's father, but by another man of the same name, who is also an inamdar in the Nelamangala Taluk, and that this fact was admitted by the parties concerned.

4. It is clear that the notice was not served on the owner of the inam in question, and I now beg to submit that the resumption of the inam situated in Bhimpur ought to be cancelled and the inam confirmed to Venkanna from the date of the resumption, *viz*., 29th September 1874.

5. Extracts from the registers are herewith submitted for reference.

6. The resumption of the inam in Marenhalli is to stand good.

Register of Inams in the Village of Bhimpur (Kayamgutta) in the Sammat of Nandagudi in tl

Class, Extent and Value of Inam.							Description, Tenure and Document in support of the inam.				Name and re'atic	
Number of case or entire holding under one Grant in this village.	General class to which the Inam belongs.	Survey number and name of field or fields comprised in the Grant Dry, Wet or Garden.	Extent. Local measure. (Even where the local measure is an acre, guntha, and cawdy, it is to be entered in this column.	Measure in acres and their fractions in decimals.	Old assessment. Where no survey has been made and no assessment fixed by Government, the cess paid by the Ryots to the Inamdar, or the average assessment of similar Government land, should be entered in column 7.	Survey assessment.	Description of inam. If for service, it is to be stated whether the service is continued. If for tanks, buildings, &c., whether they are efficiently kept up. Hereditary or for life.	Whether free of tax, &c., or liable to quit rent, s. e. poll, &c., amount of latter to be entered.	By whom granted and in what year.	Written instruments in support of the claim, original Sunnad, all miscellaneous documents and other proofs of long possession. In this column it should be stated whether the Inam is held with or without grant, whether the grant is produced or lost, &c., and the general verification of terms of all documents produced should be given.	Name of original grantee.	Name entered i prepared by I to 18
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
21	Personal.	Dry ...	Jari Account of 1804. K. K. P. 0 3 0		P. F. V. 1 2 0 = Rs. 3 7 10 0 6 11 = Rs. 1 15 1	...	For personal benefit.	...	...	...	...	Jari Account Venkatabhattara Ti K. K. P. Dry .. 0 3 0 Wet .. 0 4 13 0 7 13
		Wet ..	0 4 13		1 8 11 = Rs. 5 6 11							
			0 7 13									

Marenhalli Village Do Sammath, Do Taluk Do

2	Personal.	Dry No. 18.	Jari Account of 1804. K. K. P. 0 3 12	...	P. F. V. 0 7 8 = Rs. 2 2 11	...	For personal benefit.	...	...	...	...	Paimayish Accou Narsambhattara Timmanabhatt. K. K. P. Dry ... 0 3 12 Jari Account Venkatabhattara Ti K. K. P. Dry... 0 3 12

ıe, Agriculture and Commerce, 9th September 1875.

he District of Bangalore of the Nundydroog Division.

lsequent and present holders. Length of possession.

n the accounts t to 1810.	Particulars regarding present owner. If the Inam has been subdivided, the name, &c., of each sharer should be entered in the columns.				Abstract of the orders already issued by the Commissioner or the Superintendent of the Division on lapses regarding validity or excess of the Inam. Assistant's opinion and recommendation.	Review by the Special Assistant and confirmation by the Inam Commissioner.
	Residence, name, and age, &c.	Relation to original grantee or subsequent registered holders.	Surviving heirs of the present incumbent.	If unconnected with the original holders, possession how obtained, and in what year.		
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
count of 1822 mber 13.	...	...	...	...	A. Asali case.	1. Asali and 1 Dakhali.
1843 as in 1804.					Valid under Rule 1. The particulars of the grant are annexed.	2. Jari, Personal.
					2. As Venkambhatt was the reputed occupant two notices were issued to him, *viz.*,	3. The year of grace expired as per column 13.
					(1.) For the Asali case No. 730, dated 28th August 1874, served on 15th September 1873.	4. Resumed and to be fully assessed.
					(2.) For the Dakhali No. 653, dated 26th July 1873, served 2nd August 1873.	
					Village. | Description. | Extent. | Assessment. | Jari or not. | Joli. | Cultivation. | Register sheet No. | Case No. | Remarks.	(Sd.) J. PUCKLE, 29-9-74. *Offg. Supt. of Inam Setts.*
					Asali.	
					A. Bhimpur kayamgutta ... Dry ... K. K. P. 0 3 0 | Rs. As. P. 3 7 10 | 614 | 22	
					Wet ... 0 4 13 | 1 15 1	
					0 7 13 | 5 6 11	
					B. Marenhalli ... Dry ... 0 3 12 | 2 2 11 | 485 | 2	
					0 11 9 | 7 9 10	
					(3.) The party has not attended up to date.	
					(4.) The Dakhali inam will be attached from the 2nd August 1873.	
					(5.) The Asali will be attached from the 15th September 1873.	
					1-5-74 (Sd.) V. N. NARSIMMAIENGAR, *Assistant Superintendent.*	

ıe Nundydroog Division.

ant of 1843. Timmannabhatt.					Dakhali, *vide* B in A. Asali case 22 of Bhimpur Register sheet No. 614.	Resumed.
Beriz. 0 7 8					27-5-74 (Sd.) V. N. NARSIMMAIENGAR, *Assistant Superintendent.*	(Sd.) ROB. COLE, 1-6-75. *Supt. of Inam Settlements.*
unt of 1860. K. P. 4 1						

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 22nd September 1875.

10

No. 4595—Rev. 143, dated Bangalore, 9th September 1875.

Order thereon.—The Offg. Chief Commissioner directs that the inam situated in the Bhimpur village, which was resumed by the Inam Commissioner, be confirmed to Venkanna, with effect from the date of its resumption, *viz.*, 29th September 1874.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

From the Offg. Superintending Engineer of Irrigation, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 2467, dated Bangalore, 19th August 1875.

I have the honor to return the file of correspondence regarding the restoration of the Tangalmadu tank in the Pavagada Taluk by one Ram Rao, which accompanied your No. 6144—390 of the 23rd November 1874, together with copies of a report by Assistant Engineer Mr. Winckler and dockets from Assistant Engineer Mr. Bayly, and the Executive Engineer, Tank Division.

2. From the information given in Mr. Winckler's letter, there would appear to be ample water for both Naglapur and Tangalmadu tanks, and the reason for which the restoration of the tank was stopped is non-existent.

3. As a rule, I think it is bad policy to give over a serial tank for up-keep to a private individual; but in this case permission to restore the tank has already been granted by the Deputy Commissioner, and there being apparently no valid objections on other grounds, I recommend that the permission be confirmed.

4. I do not think that it would be fair to enforce Mr. Winckler's first suggested condition, as it would probably, in years when the rain-fall was late, prevent cultivation under Tangalmadu. The kodi however should not be raised above its previous level and its length should be doubled.

5. The Irrigation Department will be working in this part of the country in about 18 months' time, and one of the conditions under which the tank is handed over should be that Ram Rao engages to carry out within a specified time any work decided by the Officers of that Department to be necessary.

From the Executive Engineer, Tank Division, To the Superintending Engineer of Irrigation, No. 288, dated Bangalore, 22nd April 1875.

Your No. 350 of 2nd February, forwarding an original file of papers regarding restoration of Naglapur tank, Pavagada Taluk, and requesting that either Mr. Bayly or Mr. Winckler may be directed to visit the tank and submit a report.

Has the honor to return the file of correspondence received with the above and to submit copy of Mr. Bayly's docket No. 537 with copy of Mr. Winckler's report for the information of the Superintending Engineer of Irrigation.

From the Assistant Engineer, To the Executive Engineer, Tank Division, No. 537, dated 4th April 1875.

Your No. 206 of 9th February 1875, regarding Tangalmadu tank in Pavagada Taluk with a file of papers.

In returning the above, has the honor to submit Mr. Winckler's report with the following remarks.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 22nd September 1875.

2. It appears to the undersigned that without proper surveys and revenue information for the tanks above Naglapur, which from the taluk map seem to be more numerous than they are stated to be in the correspondence, and without a clear knowledge of the drainage areas of the various tanks, the question cannot be decided.

3. It may be that it would be better for the villages above and for Government to store all the water that is not required at Naglapur in Atchammanhalli and the other tanks in the valley, or it may be that it would be more advisable for Government to restore Tangalmadu tank; moreover it does not appear from the correspondence, though the question was raised, whether the Government ryots under Tangalmadu tank are willing to become Ramanna's ryots or not.

4. As the question has been a long time under consideration, the undersigned has made arrangements to have all the tanks (including Tangalmadu) surveyed and contoured, and to have their drainages marked on the taluk map. In the ordinary course of things, the tanks in this neighbourhood would have to be surveyed in about 3 or 4 months.

From W. Winckler, Esq., Assistant Engineer, To G. Bayly, Esq., Assistant Engineer, Chitaldroog Tank District, dated Camp Chitaldroog, 19th March 1875.

As directed in your No. 225 of 12th February 1875, I proceeded to site of the Tangalmadu tank in the Pavagada Taluk, making notes on the subject on the 24th and 25th February last, which I now beg to embody in the following report.

The only objection of weight, against the restoration of the Tangalmadu tank, is put forward, by Naglapur ryots, *viz.*, that the Naglapur tank will not fill if Tangalmadu is restored.

From my close inspection and enquiry I find this objection untenable.

1st. Because both these (with the other Atchammanhalli) did exist at an earlier period, and Tangalmadu breached about 100 years ago not purposely (by which I mean, not caused by the ryots' cutting it away) but, on the sudden accumulation of a great rain-fall, without sufficient kodi escape. This I learnt from enquiry as the natural cause, without any traditional remains of a story to the contrary.

2nd. Naglapur tank has not only 5 other independent sources of supply, but every year, the two kodis run to waste for 2 or 3 weeks together, a volume of water certainly equal if not exceeding the capacity of the tank. Mr. Corry remarks he saw one of the kodis running 2·71 deep, and I find on enquiry that it is about that.

But granting this were an objection, it could be met by the following conditions which I propose should be made and perpetually enforced in granting Ram Rao the order to rebuild the Tangalmadu bund. These conditions on my proposal to him he agreed to comply with, but it would be necessary to make them legal and binding through the usual process.

1st. Should Naglapur tank not fill through its other sources, the water is not to be impounded in Tangalmadu tank, but all its sluices are to be left open until this is done, *i. e.* Naglapur is filled.

2nd. Should the bund of Tangalmadu breach at any future period and cause the breach of Naglapur bund, Ram Rao is to repair and set in order that bund, before Tangalmadu is touched, that is if the breaches are not caused by the bursting of the Atchammanhalli tank above, in which case of course, the loss or disaster is an imperial question.

3rd. The kodi of the renovated Tangalmadu tank to be at the same existing visible level of the present ruins, and to be twice as wide as the former one.

In conclusion I must remark on the "condition" in Chief Commissioner's orders that "he" (Ram Rao) should claim no compensation to any land under the Irrigation of the said tank being submerged by the enlargement of the Naglapur tank below now or at any future period, that the Naglapur tank can, if at all, only be raised 5 feet at kodi; a greater height will spread the water over the Pavagada and Bellary road according to levels taken. The cultivation under the restored Tangalmadu tank can barely come to this point, which is 2½ miles from that tank, and which moreover lies within the boundary of Naglapur village.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 22nd September 1875.

From the Commissioner, Nagar Division, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 321—Rev. 66, dated 31st August 1875.

With reference to the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 6144—390, dated 23rd November last, has the honor to submit copy of Chitaldroog Deputy Commissioner's docket No. 821—512, dated 19th March last, on the subject of the tenure under which the lands below the Tangalmadu tank are held.

The Superintending Engineer appears to have conveyed his opinion on the advisability or otherwise of handing over the tank to the petitioner in his letter No. 2467, dated 19th instant, to the General Secretary.

From the Offg. Deputy Commissioner, Chitaldroog District, To the Commissioner of the Nagar Division, No. 821—P. W. D., 512, dated 19th March 1875.

Your No. 470 of the 8th December 1874.

In reply to the above, has the honor to state that the lands that will be irrigated by the Tangalmadu tank are at present held on dry rates, with the exception of one number, which, though assessed at wet rates, is under dry cultivation.

There are 10 numbers to be irrigated from the tank, of which Ram Rao holds 4, and one Namal Tippaiya 2, and the rest are in Banjar. Four men are willing to take up the remaining 4 numbers on wet cultivation, and one and all are willing to be Ram Rao's ryots.

No 5137—Rev. 26, dated Bangalore, 22nd September 1875.

Order thereon.—In his letter No. 2467 of the 19th August last the Superintending Engineer of Irrigation recommends that permission be granted to Ram Rao to restore the Tangalmadu tank in the Pavagada Taluk on certain conditions.

The Offg. Chief Commissioner approves of the views therein expressed, and accordingly directs that Ram Rao be allowed to proceed with the restoration, provided that he accepts the terms proposed, *viz.*, (1) that the kodi be widened to double its present width, and not raised above the present level, and (2) that Ram Rao conforms to such instructions as the Superintending Engineer of Irrigation may give him, as to the construction of the work, when the operations of that Department commence in the series of tank with which the one in question is connected.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 23rd September 1875.

From the Commissioner, Nagar Division, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore General Department, Genl. No. 287—156, dated 18th August 1875.

Has the honor to submit for the Chief Commissioner's orders, copy of letter No. 393 of the 7th instant, from the Deputy Commissioner, Chitaldroog District, regarding the supply of the fixed quantity of sandalwood to the temple of Hariharesvara at Harihar. The Deputy Commissioner states that he had provided Rs. 20 in the Budget for 1875—76 to meet the cost, agreeably to the Chief Commissioner's ruling contained in letter No. 83, F., dated 21st February 1872, to the address of the Commissioner, Ashtagram Division; but the Provincial Budget for the year, received from the Deputy Accountant General, does not contain the provision referred to by the Deputy Commissioner under the head "21. Muzrayi." The undersigned therefore requests instructions as to how the charge is to be met.

From the Offg. Deputy Commissioner, Chitaldroog District. To the Commissioner of the Nagar Division, No. 393, dated 7th August 1875.

I have the honor to report that agreeably to the orders of the Chief Commissioner conveyed under the cover of your dockets noted in the margin, a sum of Rs. 20 was provided, for in the Budget for the current official year, submitted last year from this Office, to meet the cost of the supply of 2 maunds of sandalwood to the Hariharesvara temple at Harihar, as authorized by the old sanads and the title-deed granted by the Inam Department. But in the current year's Budget which has been received, no provision is made for the above purpose. There are no other available heads from which an appropriation may be applied for, and as the sandalwood is claimed by the managers of the temple for the current year's use, I beg to request you will be good enough to obtain special sanction for the above grant.

No. 330, dated 18th September 1872, Circular No. 326, dated 1st November 1873.

From the Deputy Accountant General in Mysore, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, Genl. No. 2724, dated 6th September 1875.

With reference to the Secretary's No. 4324—945 of the 31st ultimo, the undersigned has the honor to state that a grant of Rs. 20 was provided by the Deputy Commissioner, Chitaldroog, in his Budget for 1875—76, for supply of sandalwood to the Hariharesvara temple at Harihar, but no authority being cited and the item being so small, it was struck out by this office. It can however be met from the savings under the head of Muzrayi. The enclosures are returned.

No. 5160—Rev. 49, dated Bangalore, 23rd September 1875.

Order thereon.—A provision of Rs. 20 made by the Deputy Commissioner of Chitaldroog in the District Budget for 1875—76, to meet the cost of sandalwood payable to the Hariharesvara temple at Harihar, having been struck out in the Provincial Budget, the Commissioner of Nagar asks for instructions as to the manner in which the charge is to be met.

2. The Offg. Chief Commissioner observes that in order to satisfy the claim of the temple to the prescribed quantity of sandalwood, the Conservator of Forests will arrange for supplying the wood through the Deputy Commissioner of the Chitaldroog District, charging its value not exceeding Rs. 20 in his accounts.

3. The Deputy Accountant General is requested to give credit to the Forest Department for the amount, and meet the charge from General Savings in the Budget.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 30th September 1875.

15 From the Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, Genl. No. 459—Rev. 64, dated Mysore, 8th September 1875.

In forwarding herewith copy of letter No. 849 of the 27th ultimo, from the Deputy Commissioner, Hassan, regarding the reading of para 3 of the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 2919—7 of the 7th July 1875, on the subject of rights to trees growing on tank-bunds, I have the honor to state that it appears to me that under the para referred to, it is necessary for the Deputy Commissioner to issue a notice and investigate and decide any claims put forward to trees growing on bunds before they are felled, but as the para is open to doubt, I submit the matter for the instructions of the Chief Commissioner.

From the Offg. Deputy Commissioner, Hassan District, To the Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, No. 849, dated Hassan, 27th August 1875.

I have the honor to bring the following to your notice, and to request your orders on the same for future guidance.

On the 14th August 1875, the Amildar of Channaraypatna, in his report No. 321, informed me that the Irrigation Department had cut down certain trees on the bund of Madalgere and other tanks; this report I forwarded to the Executive Engineer, Hemavati Division, with Kanarese Yadasht No. 73 of 19th instant, and drew that Officer's attention to para 3 of Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 2919—7 of 7th July 1875.

That Officer in reply states that, according to those Proceedings, he does not consider that it is necessary to inform me prior to cutting down trees, but simply to obtain my orders regarding the disposal of the same.

As the wording of para 3 in my opinion is open to doubt, I would respectfully beg to be informed whether my reading of it or that of the Executive Engineer is correct.

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15 No. 5379—Rev. 52, dated Bangalore, 30th September 1875.

Order thereon.—On the reference submitted by the Commissioner of the Ashtagram Division, the Officiating Chief Commissioner directs that when it becomes necessary to fell timber trees standing on the bunds of tanks, prior to operations being commenced by the Irrigation Department, timely intimation shall be given by that Department to the Deputy Commissioner, and if such trees are not removed by those whose claims to ownership have been admitted by the Revenue Authorities, within the time specified by the Executive Engineer, the latter, or other Officer of the Irrigation Department superintending the work, shall be at liberty to direct their removal.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

PART I.

DEPT. OF REVENUE AGRICULTURE AND COMMERCE.

FORESTS.

A.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF MYSORE FOR THE MONTH OF SEPTEMBER 1875.

1	2	3	4	5	6
Index Nos. of the Proceedings.	Subject.	Nos. and Dates of Proceedings.	Date of Report to the Secretary of State for India.	Nos. and Dates of previous Proceedings.	Page.
1 to 2	*Teak plantation at Mastigudi in the Kankankote State Forest.* Requesting Conservator to report on the points raised in Government of India letter dated 17th August 1875, No. 899, relative to the high rate of estimate for planting, and the deputation of an Officer to specially supervise the plantation during the healthy season.	No. 4599—144, dated 9th Sept. 1875.	..	...	1 to 3

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce (Forests), 9th September 1875.

From the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, To the Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, No. 3133—45, dated Bangalore, 13th July 1875.

I am directed by the Officiating Chief Commissioner to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 549 of 4th May last, communicating the further instructions of His Excellency the Governor General in Council on the subject of the projected teak plantation at Mastigudi in the Kakankote State Forest, and to submit the following remarks in reply.

2. The Officiating Chief Commissioner understands that there are two aspects in which the Government of India would desire the project to be viewed—1st, as to the results to be attained in it before the British rule in this Province comes to a close, and 2ndly, as to the capability of the Forest Department undertaking this work, compatibly with what has to be done in consolidating the existing forest reserves.

3. On the 1st point, I am desired to state that, from a perusal of the correspondence which has already passed, and of the opinions expressed by the Conservator on the subject, Mr. Dalyell is decidedly in favor of the view that the undertaking promises well, and that there is every reasonable expectation of from 300 to 400 acres being replanted with teak, to the manifest advantage of the Mysore State.

4. It is necessary here to mention a circumstance, which was, evidently by oversight, not stated in this Office letter No. 8915—169 of 5th March last. The present proposals were submitted by Sir Richard Meade for the favorable consideration of Government in this Office letter No. 4674-91 of 28th September 1874. In reply to Mr. Under-Secretary Lyall's letter No. 1288 of 24th November following, in which a question was raised as to the means available hereafter for supervising the plantation, the Chief Commissioner pointed out in Mr. Wellesley's letter No. 7101—140 of 1st January 1875 how it was proposed to meet the objections urged, and deprecated any check being given to operations being continued in this direction. In February, the Conservator of Forests asked for permission to commence operations, in anticipation of sanction, in order to avoid the loss of a whole season. This permission was granted, and active measures seem to have been at once taken, for Captain van Someren reports that at a recent visit to the locality he found that the young plants put down during the last official year on 11 acres were looking healthy, and that 50 acres had been already cleared and planted in the current year. The Conservator adds with reference to this circumstance that the Mastigudi plantation is situated in a belt of forest which has already been taken up as a State reserve (*vide* para 2 of this Office letter No. 8915—167,169 dated 5th March 1875), the following remark "I think that the planting up of outworked forests, and of blank spaces within the limits of the State forests in Mysore is intimately connected with the improvement of these forests. This work combined with the clearing of fire-paths, the cutting of roads, the setting off of blocks and compartments and drawing up of working plans, will, if properly carried on during the next 6 years, enable us to hand over the forests to the Native Government in such state that it may reasonably be expected to continue the work which by that time will be thoroughly defined and well stated."

5. As has been previously stated, the work is one which admits of being carried on from year to year, and of being arrested at any stage, without detriment to what has already been accomplished, owing to the situation of the plantation within an existing State forest.

6. The next question to be considered is whether the Forest Department can undertake this work, without interfering with the more important and pressing duty of completing their operations in respect to the demarcation of existing reserves, clearing roads and fire-paths and attending to fuel plantations. On this point, I am directed to state, it was deemed advisable to ascertain the use and extent of State forests, fuel plantations, &c, in each range, in order to determine whether in respect to the Mysore Range which is conterminous with the Mysore Central District, the operations in hand would admit of the additional duty being imposed on the Assistant Conservator in charge of this range, in supervising the Mastigudi plantation. A copy of the statement furnished by the Conservator is enclosed, and from this it will be observed that, of the 8 forest reserves which include the Kakankote forest, all have been demarcated and "protected" as far as has been possible with the existing establishment. All the 8 reserves therein named lie, moreover, in the same belt of forest, and the fuel and teak plantations marginally denoted are situated in the centre of that belt. The sandal reserves at Nagankalli and Gurapen lie in close proximity to it. It is in the Officiating Chief Commissioner's opinion evident therefore that no difficulty need be anticipated as to the means available of carrying on within this comparatively limited area all such operations as will now be required of the Forest Officer, in placing the reserves in that range on a definite and satisfactory footing in the course of a few years.

* Mastigudi, Kakankote.

7. In connection with the system of operations to be now followed by the Forest Department, to which attention has been directed in the orders of the Government of India on the Forest Report for

1873—74, and again in your letter under reply, I am directed to observe that proposals will shortly be submitted for revising the Forest Conservancy establishment so as to provide more effectually for the carrying out of the views of Government, in restricting the operations of the Department, as far as practicable, to those measures in respect to State forests, fuel plantations and sandal reserves which are deemed of primary importance. The Officiating Chief Commissioner believes that in effecting this revision within the limits of the present Budget allotments, it will be practicable to relieve the Forest Department, in some degree, of the charge of the District forests and wood depôts so that their time and energies may be more fully devoted to those matters which the Government of India desire should engage more of their attention.

8. In para 7 of your letter No. 222 of 25th February last, the Government of India suggested that Captain van Someren might, when an opportunity permits, be deputed to the Central Provinces in order to make himself acquainted with the system adopted there for protecting forest reserves, and in para 3 of your letter under reply, the subject is again adverted to. His Excellency the Governor General in Council will have been made aware from para 8 of the Offg. Chief Commissioner's Proceedings of 26th April last, a copy of which was submitted with my letter to your address No. 647—11 of the same date, that as Captain van Someren's absence would have been productive of some inconvenience, he was directed to place himself, in the first instance, in communication with the Conservator of Forests in the Central Provinces, in order to learn in what particulars (if any) the system followed in those Provinces differed from that pursued here. Captain van Someren has now submitted the result of his correspondence with Captain Doveton, from which it appears that the latter Officer described the method adopted here in keeping out fires from forest reserves, as substantially the same as that followed in the Central Provinces. The only point on which an improvement has been suggested is with regard to the width of the fire-paths, which Captain Doveton's experience shews should be 150 feet. There are some minor points connected with this question of Forest Conservancy which are discussed in Captain van Someren's report, which, with the orders passed thereon, will be separately submitted for the information of His Excellency in Council.

From the Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.
To the Offg. Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Forests, No. 899, dated Simla, 17th August 1875.

I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of your Offg. Secretary's letter No. 3133—45, dated the 13th ultimo, submitting an expression of your views on the subject of the teak plantation at Masti-Gudi in the Kakankote State Forest, and in reply to state that the Government of India now learns from that letter, as well as from the statement appended to it, that 150 acres of land have already been planted with teak in the Kakankote reserve, so that the plantation is not, as was at first supposed, a new work, but the continuation of existing operations, which have apparently been successful as far as they have gone and which, if continued during the next six years will, in your opinion, result in the replenting of from 300 to 400 acres to the manifest advantage of the Mysore State.

2. Under these circumstances the Governor General in Council is pleased to sanction the work being continued to such an extent as may conveniently be completed by the year 1880, so that the plantation may afterwards be maintained without further care than the keeping out of fires and occasional weeding.

3. The amount which should be entered every year in the Forest budget estimate on account of this plantation, as well as the distribution of that amount, is left entirely to you. The Conservator should not also consider himself bound by the details of his original estimate. Those details cannot be foreseen with the present imperfect experience in teak plantations in Mysore, and he may therefore under your orders modify them according to the further experience which he and his officers may gain in the prosecution of the work. For instance, it may be found that sowing on the spot and transplanting the seedlings may not succeed; it may become necessary to establish nurseries; and it may be found necessary to divide the plantation into compartments, with a system of roads through it.

4. The estimated cost of this plantation, (Rs. 81 per acre) appears to His Excellency in Council to be very high, and it is noticed that nearly one half of it, or Rs. 35 per acre, is intended to be spent on weeding up to the fourth year. I am directed to suggest whether the cost could not be diminished by concentrating the main work on the next three years, and placing it under the superintendence of a competent officer who should reside on the spot during the healthy season. Constant and competent supervision is, I am to state, the secret of success in all planting operations in this country, and is particularly so in the present case on account of the limited experience which has as yet been gained by the Mysore Forest Department in the cultivation of teak.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce (Forests), 9th September 1875.

2.

No. 4599—Rev.-F. 144, dated Bangalore, 9th September 1875.

Order thereon.—The Conservator of Forests is requested to report on the two points referred to in para 4 of Mr. Hume's letter, *viz.* (1) the high rate of estimate for planting and (2) the deputation of an officer to specially supervise the plantation during the healthy season.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

PART I.

FINANCIAL.

A.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF MYSORE FOR THE MONTH OF SEPTEMBER 1875.

1	2	3	4	5	6
Index Nos. of the Proceedings.	Subject.	Nos. and Dates of Proceedings.	Date of Report to the Secretary of State for India.	Nos. and Dates of previous Proceedings.	Page.
1 to 3	*Currency Note circulation in this Province, calculated to meet the masses of the people.* Directing the issue of a Notification as suggested by the Deputy Accountant General, and intimating to that Officer that the aggregate value of the Notes issued in any one Taluk should not exceed Rs. 1,000 and that the results of the experiment should be reported on at the end of 6 months.	No. 4376—251, dated 1st Sept. 1875.	...	...	1 to 2
4 to 5	"*Repairs, Agricultural.*" Passing orders on the withdrawal of the sums allotted for the purpose in the Nagar Division.	No. 4600—208, dated 10th Sept. 1875.	...	...	3 to 5
6 to 7	*Line-Overseers entertained for the Mysore and Hassan lines of Anche.* Sanctioning the payment of their salaries from the dates specified.	No. 4091—275, dated 16th Sept. 1875.	...	*Vide* Part II. of this Volume. No. 23 General	5
8 to 9	*Agumbe Chatram.* Sanctioning an estimate for its construction amounting to Rs. 1,281—0—0.	No. 4996—300, dated 16th Sept. 1875.	...	...	6
10 to 11	*Repairs of the Belur Temple.* Authorizing the excess outlay of Rs. 272, incurred on the preliminary work connected with the project being met from "Muzrayi" savings.	No. 5196—182, dated 24th Sept. 1875.	...	*Vide* Progs., for March 1874, Part I "Financial" Nos. 11 to 12.	7

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Financial Department, 1st September 1875.

From the Deputy Accountant General in Mysore, To the Officiating Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 2616, dated Bangalore, 28th August 1874.

I have the honor to state for the information of the Chief Commissioner that, in a report which I submitted under date 9th July last to the Comptroller General, as Head Commissioner of Paper Currency, in reply to certain enquiries made by him in a circular, on the subject of the currency note circulation in Mysore, I suggested that in order to reach the masses of the people, such as the agricultural classes and petty shop-keepers in the taluks, who I believed were unacquainted with their nature or use, an adequate amount of currency notes of values from 5 to 50 Rs. might be supplied to every Taluk Treasury. In order to recommend them to those classes, I remarked that a proclamation or notice might be issued in the Taluks to the effect that the currency notes would be sold and again encashed at par whenever presented at the Taluk or the District Treasury.

2. The Comptroller General in his reply dated 17th August 1874, a copy of which has I understand been furnished to the Chief Commissioner, appears to have read my proposal as pledging the Mysore Government to sell and cash currency notes to an unlimited extent, and considers it impracticable. A copy of my reply of this date to him is enclosed explaining the proposal, and I do not hesitate now to submit it for the Chief Commissioner's favorable consideration.

3. The Accountant General of Madras has after some hesitation arising from a misconception of the Comptroller General's orders, consented to supply immediately 2 lacs of currency notes of small values for the use of the Mysore State, free of any charge, except that of forwarding them by post (in halves) to Bangalore ; and if the Chief Commissioner approves of my proposal, I would ask his sanction to the issue of a notice, in Kanarese, in the local Gazette and also in separate slips for circulation with the Taluk seal in the principal villages, to the following effect.

4. "Notice is hereby given that Government currency notes of the values of Rs. 5, 10, 20 and 50, to a limited amount, are available at the Taluk Treasury, and will be issued to any one requiring them in exchange for cash of the same value without any charge. The notes so issued will also be received back on the same terms, at the Taluk or the District Treasury. Similar currency notes obtained by persons from other Treasuries or from the public will also be cashed, as far as the money in the Treasury at the time will permit."

5. The Amildars will be instructed to retain the cash equivalent of the notes issued by them until the revenue collection season begins, so as to avoid the possibility of having to refuse cashing a note, although this is a very remote contingency. As I have pointed out to the Comptroller General, it would be very desirable to cash notes to a larger extent so as to convert specie and reduce the cost of remittances and the inconvenience to Treasure escorts. * Much has already been done in this direction, but almost entirely at the head-quarters of the Districts and to a larger extent in some few taluks of the Nagar Division and Hassan, where traders in coffee, supari, &c. employ notes for purposes of remittance. But until now we have never had the means of offering notes to the village communities, among whom their free circulation would be advantageous to the Currency Department.

* N. B.—In 1873—74 the Notes received from the public in exchange for cash were,—
At District Treasuries ... 3,01,080
„ Taluks 6,72,115

6. The Amildars will also be instructed to submit a statement of receipts and issues of the currency notes after 3 months and to report if further supplies are in request.

From the Deputy Accountant General in Mysore, To the Comptroller General, Calcutta, No. 2615, dated Bangalore, 28th August 1874.

I have the honor to acknowledge receipt of your letter No. 3339 of the 17th instant, and to explain that it was not intended as part of my proposal that currency notes should be supplied by the Currency Department direct to the Mysore State without receiving the equivalent in cash according to existing usage, *i. e.* through Her Majesty's Treasury at Bangalore.

2. I beg also to explain my suggestion that in order to facilitate the use of currency notes among the masses of the people in the taluks who are not supposed to be acquainted with them, a proclamation (or notice) might be issued to the effect that currency notes of Rs. 5 to 50 will be sold at the Taluk Treasuries (of course to a limited amount) and encashed at par whenever presented either at the Taluk or the District Treasury. Such an assurance would be necessary I conceive in order to recommend the currency notes to the classes whom it is desired to reach, and although the Mysore State could not as

you remark undertake to cash without fail all currency notes that might be presented at any Treasury howsoever they may have been obtained, it might without any risk of practical inconvenience engage to cash the notes issued from its Taluk Treasuries. They will be of the lowest values, and the aggregate issues in the first instance within 1,000 Rs.

3 During 6 months of the year when the land revenue is collected in the taluks the Treasuries are replete with cash, which, if exchanged for currency notes, would tend to reduce the cost of specie remittances and the inconvenience to escorts in Mysore. The encouragement which has been given in this Province to the encashment of currency notes at all its Treasuries since 1863 has induced the commercial classes to obtain them from Madras and elsewhere as remittances in payment of purchases of betel-nut, coffee, &c. The amount cashed at the Treasuries in Mysore in 1873—74 was nearly * 10 lacs of rupees, and if the circulation could be promoted among other classes to a like extent, supplies of notes from the Madras Currency Department to Mysore could be materially reduced, and the necessity for transporting the surplus specie of Her Majesty's Treasury from Bangalore to Madras at the cost of the Government of India be altogether obviated.

* See my report of 9th July, para 2.

4. Having regard to these advantages both to the Mysore State and the Government of India I purpose submitting my proposals for the favorable consideration of the Chief Commissioner.

No. 4376—FINL. 251, DATED BANGALORE, 1ST SEPTEMBER 1875.

ORDER THEREON.—A Notification as proposed will be published in the *Mysore Gazette* in the terms subjoined.

2. The aggregate value of the Notes issued should not as proposed exceed Rs. 1,000 in any one Taluk, a reserve to that amount being retained in the Treasury.

3. The result of the experiment should be reported on after the expiration of 6 months.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

NOTIFICATION.

Notice is hereby given that Government currency notes of the values of Rs. 5, 10, 20 and 50, to a limited amount, are available at the Taluk Treasury, and will be issued to any one requiring them in exchange for cash of the same value without any charge. The notes so issued will also be received back on the same terms, at the Taluk or the District Treasury. Similar currency notes obtained by persons from other Treasuries or from the public will also be cashed, as far as the money in the Treasury at the time will permit.

"By Order,"
T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Financial Department, 10*th September* 1875.

4/ From the Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division, To the Under-Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, P. W. D., No. 106, dated 3rd July 1875.

Your No. 374—1675 of the 4th ultimo intimating the allotments placed at the disposal of the Commissioner and Deputy Commissioners under Repairs-Agricultural.

With reference to the above, has the honor to request that at the application of the Deputy Commissioner of Kolar, a further sum of at least Rs. 2,000 may be placed at the disposal of that officer to enable him to meet the outlay on emergent works which may have to be carried out during the remaining portion of the year, as it would appear that, after deducting Notification No. 12, there was only a balance of Rs. 51 from the original allotment of Rs. 4,000.

Memo by the Offg. Superintending Engineer, Irrigation Works, dated 7th July 1875, To the Secretary, for the Chief Commissioner's orders.

According to the 12 years' Forecast Budget which accompanied No. 326, A. I. of November 1872, the provision under Repairs, Agricultural Tanks for the year 1875-76, should have been Rs. 75,000. To allow for the repairs to damages caused by the unusually heavy monsoon I actually provided Rs. 95,000, to which a sum of Rs. 10,000 has, under the Officiating Chief Commissioner's orders, been added from Repairs-channels, making a total of 1,05,000 Rs.

2. The whole of this sum has been already allotted as per accompanying statement, and an application has been already received for additional funds from Nundydroog ; it is a matter of certainty that other similar calls will be made, some of which must be attended to.

3. In 1873-74 and 1874-75 it was early found necessary to ask the Government of India to supplement the Budget provision under Tank Repairs, but the additional funds were never wholly spent, and I am therefore unwilling to recommend this course if it can be avoided. The statement shews that no less than 49,168 Rs. of this year's allotment were required for incomplete works of last year, and had even half of this amount been met from last year's balance, we should have had no difficulty this year.

4. The Irrigation Department last year spent Rs. 6,49,000, and its Budget this year is Rs. 8,15,000. The expenditure in April and May of 1874 was Rs. 81,950; for the same months this year it was Rs. 1,14,000, and I have fair reason to believe that the increased rate of progress will be maintained and the other Budget heads fully worked up to. Any application for an increase to the repair grant should therefore include an increase to the Budget grant.

5. I would suggest however another way out of the difficulty. There are large balances of the Irrigation cess in the Treasuries of the Shimoga, Kadur and Chitaldroog Districts, and if the sums placed at the disposal of the Commissioner of Nagar and the Deputy Commissioners of those Districts for Repairs-Agricultural, be withdrawn and are appropriated from Irrigation cess, the Irrigation Budget under that head would be at once relieved to the extent of Rs. 13,000, which will probably suffice to meet future wants of the year, strict economy in rejecting all but emergent claims being exercised.

6. The charges for Civil Officers' establishments in those Districts, now borne by the Irrigation Budget and aggregating about Rs. 6,000, would of course follow and would afford further relief.

Remarks by the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner, Public Works Department, dated 7th July 1875.

As the above proposal allows of the cess money being expended by the Deputy Commissioners, I presume there will be no objection to entertain it, though the question is one which will probably have to be referred for decision to the General Department.

Statement shewing the Amount of Appropriations made to Civil and Public Works Officers for incomplete works for the last year and fresh allotments given for the current year out of Rs. 95,000

granted for Ordinary Repairs of Tanks and Rs. 10,000 transferred from the Channels to Tanks, making a total of Rs 1,05,000.

	Allotment.	Incomplete works.	Total.
Commissioner, Nundydroog Division	10,000	...	10,000
Do Ashtagram do	3,000	...	3,000
Do Nagar do	2,000	...	2,000
Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District ...	5,000	8,041	13,041
Do Kolar do	4,000	15,046	19,046
Do Túmkúr do	3,000	458	3,458
Do Mysore do	2,000	3,797	5,797
Do Hassan do	6,000	4,367	10,367
Do Shimoga do	5,000	723	5,723
Do Kadur do	3,000	2,376	5,376
Do Chitaldroog do	3,000	970	3,970
Executive Engineer, Tank Division	...	6,682	6,682
Do Nundydroog do	...	1,950	1,950
Do Nagar do	...	502	502
Do Kadur do	...	350	350
Do Cauvery do	...	3,717	3,717
Do Hemavati do	...	189	189
Total Rs... ...	46,000	49,168	95,168
Superintending Engineer for fresh works...	...	...	9,832
Grand Total Rs...	...	...	1,05,000

Out of Rs 9,832, the following Appropriations have been made in June 1875.

Division or District.	Name of Work.	Amount of Estimate.	Amount of Appropriation.	Remarks.
Commr., Nagar Division, Shimoga District ...	Repairing Kenkatta tank bund.	6,922	2,000	The Irrigation share is only Rs. 2,000 for this work.
Commr., Nundydroog Division, Kolar District ...	,, Jannagatta ,,	3,543	3,543	
Do ...	,, Mudavadi Amani tank	3,126	2,676	Rs. 450 expended in last year.
Bangalore District ...	,, Akkere Anicut ...	1,170	288	Do. 882 do.
Shimoga ,, ..	,, Kasba Killekere ...	1,436	599	The balance of Imperial share Rs. 587 to be appropriated hereafter.
Chitaldroog ,, ...	,, Devasamudra tank...	309	309	
Ex. Engr., Hemavati Division.	,, Narsipur Bungalow Office stables ...	99	99	
Do ..	Rammatpur Lodge ...	198	198	
,, Tank ,, ..	Office-shed of the Asstt. Engr. at Nittur ...	60	60	
Do ...	,, at Nelkunta...	60	60	
	Total Appropriation.....		9,832	
	Balance.....		Nil.	

No. 4600—Finl. 298, dated Bangalore, 10th September 1875.

Order.—In order to meet this and other requisitions, Major Chrystie suggests that the sums * placed at the disposal of the Commissioner of Nagar and the Deputy Commissioners of Shimoga and Chitaldroog under the head "Repairs-Agricultural" may be withdrawn and an equivalent amount re-appropriated from the irrigation cess.

*Commissioner of Nagar	2,000
Dy. Commr. of Shimoga	5,000
Dy. Commr. of Chitaldroog	3,000
	10,000

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Financial Department, 16th September 1875.

2. The Officiating Chief Commissioner observes that the application of the Irrigation Cess Fund to tank repairs is limited by Section 15 of Revised Survey Guarantee, published in Notification No. 341, dated 11th February 1875; but having regard to the large accumulations from the cess in the Shimoga and Chitaldroog Districts, and to the circumstances that these amounts accrued prior to the ruling contained in the Notification above quoted, an appropriation may be legitimately made from that fund, equivalent to the sums allotted from the Provincial Budget for "Repairs-agricultural." There being no Irrigation Cess Fund at credit of the Kadur District, the allotment of Rs. 3,000 for that District must stand. The allotment aggregating Rs. 10,000 for the Nagar Division as marginally detailed will be withdrawn, and re-appropriated in the manner proposed.

	Rs.
Nagar Commissioner	2,000
Shimoga District	5,000
Chitaldroog ,,	3,000
	10,000

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

From the Amche Bakshi of Mysore, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, General No. 286, dated Bangalore, 10th September 1875.

With reference to your docket No. 4593—804, dated 9th instant, communicating the sanction of the Government of India to the entertainment of 6 Line-Overseers in the Mysore and Hassan Lines, the undersigned respectfully begs to request that the necessary instructions may be issued to the Deputy Commissioners of Bangalore, Mysore and Hassan Districts, for the payment of their salaries from the dates noted in the margin.

1	Appanna Gauda,	Overseer,	Bangalore District,	From 15th July 1875,	Pay Rs. 12
1	Hanuma do	,,	Do	From 11th June 1875,	,, ,, 12
1	Kempa do	,,	Mysore District.	Do	,, ,, 12
1	Arasa do	,,	Do	Do	,, ,, 12
1	Appaji do	,,	Hassan District.	From 15th July 1875,	,, ,, 12
1	Linga do	,,	Do	From 11th June 1875,	,, ,, 12

No. 4991—FINL. 275, DATED BANGALORE, 16TH SEPTEMBER 1875.

ORDER.—The Offg. Chief Commissioner sanctions the payment of the salaries of the 6 Line-Overseers in question from the dates specified in the margin.

Names.		*District.*	*Pay.*	*Date.*
Appanna	Gauda.	Bangalore.	12	From 15th July 1875.
Hanuma	do	Do	12	From 11th June 1875.
Kempa	do	Mysore	12	Do do
Arasa	do	Do	12	Do do
Appaji	do	Hassan	12	From 15th July 1875.
Linga	do	Do	12	From 11th June 1875.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Financial Department, 16th September 1875.

From the Commissioner of the Nagar Division, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 320—Finl. 58, dated 31st August 1875.

Has the honor to submit for the favorable consideration and orders of the Chief Commissioner, the accompanying estimate amounting to Rs. 1,281 for the repairs of the Agumbe Chatram in the Kavaledurga Taluk, together with a copy of the Deputy Commissioner's docket No. 498 of the 19th instant and its enclosure. Rs. 165—13—5 being available from the surplus fund of the institution, the Chief Commissioner's sanction to the grant of the balance, *viz.* Rs. 1,115—2—7 from the District Fund provision is requested.

From the Offg. Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga District, To the Commissioner, Nagar Division, No. 498, dated 19th August 1875.

Has the honor to forward copy of Muzrayi Assistant Commissioner's letter No. 27, dated 12th instant, and the estimate for repairing the Agumbe Chatram in the Kavaledurga Taluk therewith received.

The undersigned concurs with the Assistant Commissioner in considering that the repairs cannot be conveniently undertaken by the stoppage of feeding in the Chatram, and requests therefore that the Chief Commissioner may be moved to sanction the estimate from the Local Fund General. The cost of emergent repairs being met from the feeding charge.

From the Assistant Commissioner, in charge of the Muzrayi Department, To the Offg. Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga District. No. 27, dated Shimoga, 12th August 1875.

In reply to your Kanadi Yadast No. 144, dated 18th May 1875, I have the honor to enclose an estimate of cost of the repairs required to the Chatram at Agumbe in the Kavaledurga Taluk amounting to Rs. 1,281, and to state that as the Chatram is the first in importance in the District from the great number of travellers that constantly resort to it from different places, and as it appears that the building is at present in a very dilapidated condition, no repair having been executed to it for the last 15 years, I beg to submit the following proposal for your consideration and support.

A sum of Rs. 165—13—5, which is available under the surplus fund, is not sufficient to meet the cost, and it will take nearly one year before sufficient funds are accumulated by stopping the feeding charges ; and as this Chatram is situated at the head of the ghat, where relief is much needed for travellers, the stoppage of the feeding cannot be effected without great inconvenience to them, and I beg therefore to request that you will have the goodness to move the Commissioner to be pleased to obtain the Chief Commissioner's sanction to grant the balance out of the provision of District Fund Budget, under *Reserve* of Miscellaneous Public Improvement or from Local Fund General.

In addition to this estimate the Amildar has submitted a bill amounting to Rs. 14—9—0 which was incurred in executing certain necessary repairs to save the building from danger. This sum, I beg to propose, may be ordered to be defrayed from the feeding charge of next month.

As this building is situated in a locality where the fall of rain is very heavy, I beg the favor of your obtaining early sanction for the repairs which I propose to complete before the commencement of the next monsoons.

No. 4996—Finl. 300, dated Bangalore, 16th September 1875.

Order thereon.—**The estimate for Rs. 1,281, submitted with the above docket for executing certain repairs to the Agumbe Chatram in the Kavaledurga Taluk, is sanctioned, the cost being defrayed to the extent of Rs. 1,115—2 7 from the "Reserve Grant for constructing Musafarkhanas, &c." provided for the Shimoga District under No. 45, Part II. B. of the District Fund Budget for 1875—76, and the remainder, Rs. 165—13—5, from the surplus of the institution available for the purpose.**

The estimate is returned.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Financial Department,
24th September 1875.

From the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Public Works Department, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 1845, (Civil Budget) dated Bangalore, 12th August 1875.

Adverting to your No. 2136-323 of the 22nd June 1874, forwarding copy of docket No. 2135-166 the same date, addressed to the Deputy Accountant General of Mysore, requesting that arrangements ight be made for the payment of Rs. 500 for preliminary work connected with the repairs of the Belur mple, I have the honor, by desire of the Acting Chief Commissioner, to enquire whether the excess ıtlay of Rs. 272 cannot be met from the Muzrayi fund of other temples, (the Deputy Accountant General aving disallowed the said excess expenditure); and if so, to request that the necessary appropriation ıay be made.

No. 5196—Finl. 182, dated Bangalore, 24th September 1875.

Order.—With advertence to the orders passed in the Chief Commissioner's Proceedıgs No. 7063—F. 610, dated 28th March 1874, the Offg. Chief Commissioner is pleased ɔ authorize the excess outlay of Rs. 272 incurred on the preliminary work connected ıith the repairs of the Belur temple being met from "Muzrayi" savings.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

PART I.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

A.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF MYSORE FOR THE MONTH OF SEPTEMBER 1875.

1	2	3	4	5	6
Index Nos. of the Proceedings.	Subject.	Nos and Dates of Proceedings.	Date of Report to the Secretary of State for India.	Nos. and Dates of previous Proceedings.	Page.
1 to 2	*Gratuities to Anche runners.* Forwarding to Anche Bakshi copy of a letter on the subject from the Deputy Accountant General, and requesting that the course therein proposed to ensure the verification of the services of the runners be adopted at once.	No. 4393—951, dated 1st Sept. 1875.	...	*Vide* Progs., for August 1875, Part.	1
3 to 4	*Act XXV of* 1867. Forwarding Government of India Resolution on the subject to the Commissioners of Divisions with a request that they would report whether any special measures are necessary to ensure observance of the requirements of the law.	No. 4506—107, dated 7th Sept. 1875.	...	...	1 to 3
5 to 6	*Amrut Mahal Bulls.* Forwarding communication from the Officer in charge of the Amrut Mahal Establishment to Commissioners of Divisions, for opinion as to the advisability of obtaining two year old calves for breeding purposes.	No. 4536—108, dated 8th Sept. 1875.	...	...	3
7 to 8	*Gurjun Oil.* Passing orders on report submitted by the Surgeon to the Commission shewing the results of the treatment of leprosy by its means and directing submission of a copy to the Government of India.	No. 4539—986, dated 8th Sept. 1875.	...	...	4 to 9
9	Letter to Government of India accordingly.	No. 4540—17, dated 8th Sept. 1875.	...	...	9
10	*Arrangements for the reception of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales.* Intimating that Major Stewart has been directed to place himself under the Chief Commissioner's immediate orders for the transaction of correspondence and business connected therewith.	No. 4604—1001, dated 10th Sept. 1875.	...	*Vide* Progs., for August, 1875, Index No. 9. "General" Part-I	9
11 to 12	*Prosecution of a passenger before the Amildar of Bowringpet for attempting to enter a Railway carriage when in motion.* Passing orders on correspondence with regard to the Magistrate's action in dismissing the case.	No. 4637—185, dated 11th Sept. 1875.	...	...	10

1	2	3	4	5	6
Index Nos. of the Proceedings.	Subject.	Nos. and Dates of Proceedings.	Date of Report to the Secretary of State for India.	Nos. and Dates of previous Proceedings.	Page.
13 to 14	*Indian Christian Marriage Act (Act XV of 1872.)* Forwarding to the Offg. Judicial Commissioner, Commissioners of Divisions and Deputy Commissioners of Districts, copies of correspondence between this Office and the Government of India on the subject.	No. 4715—111, dated 13th Sept. 1875.	...	...	11 to 12
15 to 16	*Removal of the Head-Quarters of the Hanahalli Taluk to Arsikere.* Directing an investigation being made as to the means for improving the water-supply at Arsikere.	No. 5062—188, dated 20th Sept. 1875.	...	...	13 to 14
17 to 18	*Gratuities to the Palace Amrut Mahal Establishment discharged in 1869.* Sanctioning the disbursement of the same, the payments being limited to the funds available from Budget savings.	No. 88, dated 20th Sept 1875.	...	...	14 to 15
19 to 20	*Cholera at Tripetty.* Forwarding to the local papers and the Compiler, Mysore Gazette, copies of a letter from the Collector of North Arcot on the subject for publication, and distributing copies to Deputy Commissioners and Presidents, Municipal Commissions, Bangalore and Mysore.	No. 5340—907, dated 28th Sept. 1875.	...	...	15 to 16

From the Deputy Accountant General in Mysore, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 2573, dated Bangalore, 25th August 1875.

With reference to the Chief Commissioner's orders No. 4085—865, dated the 18th instant, authorizing the grant of gratuities to Anche runners, I have the honor to observe that as this class of servants is very numerous, about 1,600 including Daffedars, and their names are not specified in the monthly pay abstracts nor the annual schedules submitted to this Office, it will be impossible to verify here the statements of service which may be received with applications for gratuities on their behalf.

District No.
Name.
Date of first employment.
Caste, Tribe, Village.
Date of birth by Christian era (as near as possible).
Height and marks of identification.
Grade.
Dates of promotion or transfer.
Do of reduction or other punishment.
Periods of absence without leave.
Breaks in service.
Other incidents involving forfeiture of service or otherwise affecting gratuity.

It is very necessary therefore that the Anche Bakshi should keep a register containing the particulars as per margin, which are similar to those laid down in Section 109 (a) of the Civil Pension Code for men of the Police. It would be desirable to assign a volume for each District and a District number for each man. The Anche Bakshi, through whom the gratuity applications would be submitted, would then be in a position to verify the services in a reliable manner.

No. 4393—Genl. 951, dated Bangalore, 1st September 1875.

Ordered, that a copy of the foregoing be communicated to the Huzur Anche Bakshi with a request that the course suggested by the Deputy Accountant General may be adopted at once, and every precaution taken to verify the particulars to be recorded, as to the date of entertainment, &c., of the Anche runners.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

No. 24—1312.

Extract from the Proceedings of the Government of India in the Home Department (Public),—under date Simla, the—August 1875.

Read again—

Home Department Circular No. 66—2716-25, dated the 4th November 1874, requesting the monthly despatch to the Home Department of books registered under Act XXV of 1867, and enquiring whether any and if so what measures are in force to ascertain how the provisions of the Act are carried out.

Read the replies from Local Governments and Administrations :—

Madras No. 393, dated 4th December 1874.
Bombay No. 7193, dated 19th December 1874.
" No. 1571, dated 16th March 1875.
" No. 3266, dated 7th June 1875.
Bengal No. 197, dated 21st January 1875.
North-Western Provinces No. 2748½ A, dated 14th November 1874.
Panjab No. 2324, dated 14th June 1875.
Oudh No. 351, dated 20th January 1875.
Central Provinces No. 175-5, dated 15th January 1875.
British Burma No. 1179—211, dated 1st July 1875.
Assam No. 1088, dated 25th March 1875.
Hyderabad No. 135, dated 10th February 1875.
Foreign Department No. 824, G., dated 4th May 1875.

Resolution.

Owing to the delay which has from time to time occurred in sending to the Home Department copies of books registered under Act XXV of 1867 in the offices of the Local Governments, the Government of India directed in the Circular cited above that such books should be sent to Calcutta every month instead of every quarter. The Government of Bombay object to this course on the ground that it will render the preparation of the quarterly catalogue more difficult. But the prescribed arrangement for the despatch of the books does not seem to affect the catalogue which may be submitted quarterly as before and which should contain the particulars mentioned in Section 18 of the Act. It is of no importance that the number which each book bears in the catalogue should be entered in the copy of such book forwarded to the Government of India ; and as one copy of each book will remain with the Local Government there will apparently be no difficulty in preserving an alphabetical or any other arrangement which

may be preferred. The monthly despatch should therefore be maintained; each parcel being accompanied not by a formal catalogue but by a rough list to enable the contents to be checked.

2. In the same Circular the Government of India enquired what measures are in force to ascertain how the provisions of the Act are carried out.

3. The replies shew that in Madras the Commissioner of Police issued a Circular in December 1873 calling attention to Sections 8 and 9 of the Act which had in several instances been disregarded; it is the opinion of the Registrar of Books that this Circular has had the desired effect.

4. The enquiries instituted by the Bombay Government induce the belief that the law is generally observed; and orders have been issued directing Collectors to warn printers within their districts of the requirements of the Act. If this warning be disregarded, the full penalty which the Act provides is to be inflicted.

5. In Bengal, when the Act was first introduced, steps were taken to enforce its provisions by prosecuting defaulters and by withholding the price of books registered after time. In the opinion of the Local Government compliance with the law is now general.

6. In the North-Western Provinces attention is paid to the number of books registered each year, and in the event of any marked falling off enquiries are always instituted and constitute, in the Lieutenant-Governor's opinion, a sufficient check.

7. The Panjab Government forward the rules there issued when the Act came into force; these rules require printers to submit annual lists of the books issuing from their presses and the attention of the district authorities has again been drawn to the necessity of enforcing them.

8. In Oudh the local officers report that the Act is observed and that it has never been necessary to levy the penalty which the law prescribes.

9. In the Central Provinces rules have been issued under Section 20 of the Act, but they do not appear to provide any means of checking evasions of the law on the part of printers. The Judicial Commissioner suggests that the district authorities should keep themselves informed in a general way of the work done by the local presses; but owing to the small number of presses in the Central Provinces the Chief Commissioner does not think that any special measures are needed.

10. In British Burma and in Assam no measures have apparently been taken to ascertain how far the Act is observed; in both these Provinces however rules under Section 20 should be made and enforced.

11. In the Hyderabad Assigned Districts rules have been made for the registry of books; but no means appear to exist to ascertain whether the Act is observed or not and no books have as yet been registered under it.

12. In Mysore rules have been framed and provision made for prosecuting defaulters upon information received from district officers; but whether these officers adopt any system for the discovery of evasions of the law does not appear.

13. Such briefly being the facts in each Province, the Government of India would only enjoin further attention to the working of an Act to which considerable importance is attached.

ORDER.—Ordered that this Resolution be forwarded to *Local Governments and Administrations for information and guidance, and to the Foreign Department.

(True Extract.)
A. HOWELL,
Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of India.

To—The Foreign Department.
***The Governments of Madras, Bombay, Bengal, North-Western Provinces and Panjab.**
The Chief Commissioners of Oudh, Central Provinces, British Burma and Assam,
The Resident at Hyderabad.

Foreign Department, General, No. 1669, dated Simla, 21st August 1875.

Copy forwarded to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, with reference to correspondence ending with his No. 9401—189, G, dated 23rd March 1875, for information and guidance.

"By Order, &c.,"
J. HENVEY,
Under-Secretary to the Govt. of India.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 8th September 1875.

4/ No. 4506—GENL. 107, DATED BANGALORE, 7TH SEPTEMBER 1875.

ORDER THEREON.—Ordered that a copy of the above Resolution be communicated to the Commissioners of Divisions, with a request that with advertance to para 12, they will report whether any special measures are necessary to ensure observance of the requirements of the law. It may be sufficient to require every printer to furnish a list annually of all publications issued from his press.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

From the Officer in charge of Amrut Mahal Department, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 159, dated Húnsúr, 28th August 1875.

I have the honor to submit copies of a correspondence which took place three years ago on the subject of the transfer of bulls to the Mysore Government, at an earlier age than at present. So far as this Department is concerned, it does not appear that any further communication took place.

2. I am induced to revive the question, on account of various complaints received of the bulls supplied. It is said that they are impotent, and whilst I cannot suppose this to be correct, it amounts to the same thing if the Amrut Mahal bulls refuse to associate with the village cattle.

3. Much disappointment has been expressed by many at the non-success of the experiment of introducing our bulls into the country herds, and I would beg to suggest, if agreeable to the Chief Commissioner, that the opinion of Heads of Divisions and Districts be taken as to the advisability of receiving the bulls at the age of two years, a measure which I am sure would be fraught with excellent results, and such was also the opinion of Lieutenant Colonel Magrath, lately in charge of this Department.

4. The ensuing year would be a most opportune time to commence the experiment, as from the prevalence of murrain in 1872—73, there are very few calves of those years available, whilst I can supply the full number of those born in 1874.

From the Superintendent, Ashtagram Division, To the Assistant Commissary General, Húnsúr, No. 269, dated 6th July 1872.

Forwards copy of letter No. 407 of the 3rd instant, from the Deputy Superintendent, Hassan District, suggesting that in future two years' old Amrut Mahal bulls may be supplied for breeding purposes and requests he will favor the undersigned with his opinion on the subject.

From the Deputy Superintendent, Hassan District, To the Superintendent, Ashtagram Division, No. 407, dated Hassan, 3rd July 1872.

I have the honor to report that although the last batch of Amrut Mahal bulls supplied to this District were only four years' old, yet complaints are received of their wild and ungovernable character, owing probably to the free range they have enjoyed in kavals compared with the confined manner in which they are kept by the villagers. The fodder also which they now receive does not agree with them, and from their not being accustomed to eat gram they refuse it when given.

2. Under such circumstances I would suggest that, in future, two years' old bull calves be supplied instead. Many of the European planters who are disappointed at not being able to secure a bull for their herds would be glad to get one.

From the Assistant Commissary General, To the Superintendent, Ashtagram Division, No. 96, dated Húnsúr, 5th August 1872.

In reply to your Memo No. 269 of 6th July 1872, I have the honor to state that Captain Hill's suggestion regarding two years' old calves being handed over for breeding purposes appears to me to be a good one, and as far as I am concerned there is no objection to it.

No. 4536—GENL. 108, DATED BANGALORE, 8TH SEPTEMBER 1875.

ORDER THEREON.—Ordered that the foregoing letter be communicated to Commissioners of Divisions for opinion after consultation with the Deputy Commissioners.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 8th September 1875.

From the Deputy Surgeon General, I. M. S., Mysore Division and Ceded Districts, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 605, dated 28th August 1875.

With reference to the docket memo from Secretary to the Chief Commissioner, General No. 4110—872, dated Bangalore, 18th August 1875, requesting that a brief report shewing the results of the treatment of leprosy by Gurjun-oil be submitted as early as practicable, the Deputy Surgeon General has the honor to forward for submission to the Government of India, the recorded experience of the Gurjun-oil treatment as carried out at the Leper Hospital of this Cantonment since the 11th August 1874, under the personal observation of Surgeon Major Oswald, M. D., the Surgeon to the Mysore Commission.

From the Surgeon to the Mysore Commission, To the Deputy Surgeon General, I. M. S., Mysore Division and Ceded Districts, No. 690, dated Bangalore, 25th August 1875.

In reply to your No. * 570 of the 20th instant, I have the honor to forward abstracts of the cases placed under the Gurjun-oil treatment as recommended by Dr. Dougall.

* Herewith returned.

2. The treatment was very carefully carried out under the direct superintendence of Mr. Apothecary D'Cruz and a Hospital Assistant.

3. It was commenced on the 11th August 1874, with a supply of Gurjun-oil received from the Madras Medical Stores, but had to be discontinued on the 15th November 1874, owing to the supply running short, and no more being obtainable. On the 10th January 1875, a further supply having been sent, the treatment was resumed, and has been carefully conducted ever since. During the interval from 15th November 1874 to 10th January 1875, the common wood-oil obtainable in the bazar was used for friction, but was not given internally as it is adulterated so much.

The result has been that in all the cases the ulcers have healed up, but they have all broken out again after a longer or shorter period. In no case has the anæsthesia been in the least degree improved; and in the case of tubercular leprosy which was a well-marked one in a young woman, and therefore favorable, no improvement was effected on the tubercles. I am unable to say therefore that the Gurjun-oil treatment has been more beneficial than any other treatment. I do not look upon the healing of the ulcers as specially owing to the Gurjun-oil, for I have noticed that, in other patients not placed on this treatment, the ulcers have healed up equally well for a time, and then break out again. This was especially the case in one man who had exceedingly bad ulceration of the hand, worse than any case placed under the Gurjun-oil treatment. His ulcers healed up quite as quickly if not quicker than the Gurjun-oil cases, and have not yet broken out again. He received no treatment, but cleanliness and ordinary dressing.

Lepers are apathetic in the extreme as regards their disease, and it often renders them ill-tempered and irritable. I have found them dislike the Gurjun-oil treatment very much, as it entails a good deal of hard work, *viz.*, rubbing themselves four hours a day besides swallowing two large doses of nauseous medicine daily.

No. 1.

Non-tubercular Leprosy.

Achiah at 15 years, female, Pariah. Admitted 24th July 1869, and placed on the Gurjun-oil treatment on the 11th August 1874, in the manner recommended by Dr. Dougall.

Present State.—Shining blotches on the face, scaly eruptions all over the body; more or less thickening of the skin; bridge of nose depressed; a large obstinate irregular ulcer on the lower third of left leg, and 2 small ones on dorsum of both feet. Anæsthesia of upper extremities up to elbows, and up to the knees of the lower extremities.

14th February 1875.—Ulcers healing slowly; general health good, eruptions disappearing.

7th March 1875.—Ulcers on the leg almost healed up, except a small portion at the lower margin. The skin shining as before, numbness of the extremities not improved

4th April 1875.—No change.

2nd May 1875.—No change; scaly state of the skin improving.

29th May 1875.—No improvement.

20th June 1875.—Ulcers all healed up. Face still puffy and skin still shining.

30th June 1875.—Ulcers breaking out afresh on the parts formerlyh ealed up, and looking very foul.

10th July 1875.—Ulcers look foul, and shew no signs of healing up.

20th July 1875.—Ulcer on the leg spreading.

1st August 1875.—No change.

12th August 1875.—Ulcer not healing, but looks cleaner. Several smaller ones forming on the foot.

No. 2.

Tubercular Leprosy.

Panthu, at 18 years, caste Pariah, sex female. Admitted 22nd September 1871, and placed on the Gurjun-oil treatment on the 11th August 1874.

Present State.—Brown tubercular shining eruptions all over the body and face, thickening of the skin of the face, ears, fingers, feet and toes; tubercles hard; has a small obstinate ulcer on the outerside of right foot. Anæsthesia of upper and lower extremities to the elbows and knees.

14th February 1875.—Tubercles on the face are turning black and soft, but no other change.

7th March 1875.—Tubercles much the same, but some of them becoming larger; ulcer on the foot granulating and looking clean.

4th April 1875.—Tubercles breaking one after the other, and leaving a black surface. No other change.

20th June 1875.—Has still a number of large hard tubercles with the exception of a few that have burst. Ulcer on the foot quite healed.

1st July 1875.—Tubercles on the fingers of both hands increasing in size, and fingers also becoming thickened; tubercles on the leg much the same.

10th July 1875.—Continues much the same. A few small tubercles on the face burst during the week, laving a black scaly patch.

20th August 1875.—No change; tubercles becoming larger and more prominent.

No. 3.

Non-tubercular Leprosy.

Khadar Bi, at 32 years, female, Musalmán. Admitted 4th September 1863, and placed on the Gurjun-oil treatment on the 11th August 1874.

Present State.—Hands and toes thickened, all the toes of left foot completely turned inward; fingers all lost excepting the right thumb, a small ulcer on the stump of right index finger, and on left thumb, a small deep circular ulcer below each big toe, and another below 4th left toe; nose, lips and ears seem almost natural; skin of the whole body has a shining appearance. Complete anæsthesia in upper and lower extremities.

1st February 1875.—No change; ulcers shewing no signs of healing up; ulcers in the soles of the feet continue obstinate.

1st March 1875.—Absconded this day from a dislike to the treatment.

4th April 1875.—Came back to the Asylum in a miserable state from starvation and was re-admitted and placed under the treatment again; ulcers, &c., in the same state.

2nd May 1875.—No improvement whatever.

24th June 1875.—Ulcers still in the same state.

1st July 1875.—Ulcers in the soles of the feet shewing no signs of healing.

10th July 1875.—No improvement whatever.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 8th September 1875.

No. 4.

Non-tubercular Leprosy.

Aurokyam at 34 years, female, Pariah. Admitted 30th March 1864, and placed on the Gurjun-oil treatment on the 11th August 1874.

Present State.—Shining blotches on face and ears which are thickened and soft; nose depressed; light brown patches scattered over the body; obstinate ulcers, 1 on back of left thumb, 2 in sole of right foot, and 1 under left big toe; most of the fingers and toes are lost. Complete anæsthesia in upper and lower extremities.

24th January 1875.—No change as yet.

14th Februay 1875.—No change whatever.

20th February 1875.—Ulcer on the thumb healing up.

7th March 1875.—Ulcer on the thumb quite healed. No other change.

2nd May 1875.—The ulcers under feet still open, and shewing no signs of improvement.

1st June 1875.—Ulcers in the soles of feet healing up gradually.

20th June 1875.—Ulcer in right sole almost healed; one in the left sole under the big toe healed, and another broken out on the outer side. Anæsthesia just the same.

28th June 1875.—Ulcers not healing up favorably, while one heals, another breaks out.

27th July 1875.—A large circular ulcer has broken out between the index finger and thumb of the right hand, and othersmall ones in the soles of the feet.

1st August 1875.—Ulcer on the hand looking cleaner, but no signs of healing.

10th August 1875.—Ulcer contracting.

20th August 1875.—Ulcer healing slowly, others in the feet continue obstinate.

No. 5.

Tubercular Leprosy.

Venkatappa at 40 years, male, Hindu. Admitted 22nd November 1873, and placed on the Gurjun-oil treatment on the 11th August 1874.

Present State.—Shining blotches on the face; nose depressed and distorted; several small tubercles scattered over the body, thickening of skin of eyebrows, cheeks and ears; fingers and toes thickened and distorted; has a large foul ulcer on the inner side of the right leg enlarged and indurated glands in both groins. Complete anæsthesia in upper and lower extremities.

5th September 1874.—Ulcer on the leg contracting and healing at edges.

5th October 1874.—Ulcer healed; others are breaking out on the left leg.

1st November 1874.—A large ulcer broken out on the left foot which is looking very foul; no change for the better.

28th November 1874.—Ulcer on the foot spreading. Smaller ones on the leg healing up. No particular change excepting the skin looking cleaner and smoother.

15th January 1875.—Ulcers shewing signs of healing slowly. No other favorable change.

1st February 1875.—No change. Ulcer healing but very slowly.

4th March 1875.—No particular change; ulcer stationary and obstinate.

1st April 1875.—No further improvement.

20th April 1875.—Ulceration continues very obstinate. No change for the better.

2nd May 1875.—No improvement whatever. Suffering from a diarrhœa, in consequence of which the Gurjun-oil treatment has been stopped, and treated for diarrhœa.

26th June 1875.—Has suffered from diarrhœa off and on since the above date, and died this day.

No. 6.

Non-tubercular Leprosy.

Channappa at 50 years, male, Hindu. Admitted 20th August 1874, and placed on the Gurjun-oil treatment.

Present State.—Black shining blotches on the face, and several light brown circular patches scattered over the body; has a bad ulcer between the 3rd and 4th toe of left foot; fingers of both hands thickened and distorted; toes of feet the same with all the nails destroyed. Patient states that the disease appeared a year ago.

5th September 1874.—Ulcer shewing signs of healing, but very slowly. No other change.

5th October 1874.—Ulcer almost healed. No other changes. This man seems to be an ill-tempered and obstinate person.

13th November 1874.—Absconded from the Asylum during the night, disgusted with the treatment.

No. 7.

Non-tubercular Leprosy.

Andrappa at 25 years, male, Hindu, trade-weaver. Admitted 5th September 1874, and placed on the Gurjun-oil treatment.

Present State.—With brown scaly eruptions all over the body, particularly in the lower extremities; nose flattened with slight ulceration internally; ears, nose and lips thickened and hard to the touch; all the toes of the feet ulcerated, thickened and distorted; nails quite destroyed. Body much emaciated. Says that the disease came on about 3 years ago. Complete anæsthesia in upper and lower extremities. Says his father is also a leper.

10th January 1875.—Not benefited much from the treatment; the only change is that the ulcers on the toes are looking cleaner and healing slowly.

24th January 1875.—The ulcers on the smaller toes almost healed; in some parts of the big toes ulceration is still very bad.

14th February 1875.—Ulceration still the same; he is gaining flesh, skin looking cleaner as the scaly eruptions are disappearing, no other favorable change in the disease.

25th February 1875.—Ulcers on the big toes stationary and with an irregular surface shewing no signs of healing.

20th March 1875.—Ulcers beginning to heal now regularly.

4th April 1875.—Ulcers quite healed except in one or two spots close to the nail. General health good.

9th May 1875.—Ulcer quite healed. No other change in the disease.

1st July 1875.—Ulcers broken out again in the toes which had healed up and remained so for upwards of 3 months.

10th July 1875.—Ulcers beginning to clean up and granulating at the edges; numbness of the part not improved.

20th July 1875.—Ulcers healing but slowly.

1st August 1875.—Ulcers continue to heal slowly; no other favorable change in the disease.

No. 8.

Tubercular Leprosy.

Shek Imam.—At 60 years, male, Musalman. Admitted 22nd May 1875.

This man was under the Gurjun-oil treatment till the 15th July 1875, when he was discharged from the Asylum at his own request, not benefited in the least.

No. 9.

Non-tubercular Leprosy.

Tavakal Saib.—At 10 years, male, Musalman. Admitted 18th July 1875.

This is the son of a leper in the Asylum, who is suffering from non-tubercular leprosy in the worst form.

Present State.—Skin always in an irritable state with small lichenous form of eruptions all over the body, several light-brown colored patches over the body, and a tingling sensation in the hands and feet which he feels as if a number of ants were running over them.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 8th September 1875.

No. 10.

Non-tubercular Leprosy.

Shek Dawud.—At 55 years, male, Musalman. Admitted in 1850, placed on the Gurjun-oil treatment on the 8th January 1875.

Present State.—Loss of almost all the fingers and toes, feet almost reduced to a stump; no tubercles, no patches of discoloration over the body, skin natural. A large obstinate ulcer in the sole of right foot, and a smaller one in the left, which, he says, has been for a number of years. Complete anæsthesia in upper and lower extremities.

14th February 1875.—No change observed. Ulcers in the same state.

7th March 1875.—No change.

2nd May 1875.—Not the slightest improvement can be noticed. Anæsthesia is just the same, and the patient is unwilling to undergo the treatment any further, because he considers the disease incurable.

29th May 1875.—No change.

20th June 1875.—Ulcers on the feet shew some signs of contracting and healing at the edges for the 1st time, during the last six months he has been under treatment.

19th July 1875.—Ulcer breaking out again and spreading.

13th August 1875,—No improvement whatever.

No. 11.

Non-tubercular Leprosy.

Jaddaiya.—At 35 years, male, Hindu. Admitted 13th July 1875.

Present State.—Several patches of white discoloration over the body with a smooth shining surface, fingers of both hands slightly contracted; has several cicatrices in the palms caused by ulceration, and several superficial ulcers about the wrists; has a large ulcer on the big toe of the left foot filled with maggots and which is distorted and enlarged very much, other toes also thickened. Complete anæsthesia in upper and lower extremities.

1st August 1875.—Ulcer on the toe healing up. No other change is observable at present.

No. 4539—Genl. 986, dated Bangalore, 8th September 1875.

Order.—The report submitted by the Surgeon in charge of the Government Leper Asylum at Bangalore shews that, with an intermission of 2 months, the treatment of Leper patients with Gurjun-oil in the manner recommended by Dr. Dougall has been pursued from August 1874 up to the same month in the present year, with a result which Dr. Oswald at present pronounces to be unfavorable.

The Offg. Chief Commissioner has recently, on the recommendation of the Deputy Surgeon General, Indian Medical Department, sanctioned the temporary employment of a Hospital Assistant at the Asylum, so as to admit of closer attention and care being given to the application of the treatment, and a further trial of the experiment will be awaited with interest.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

Ordered that the following letter be addressed to the Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department,
10th September 1875.

No. 4540.
17.

MYSORE CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
BANGALORE, *8th September* 1875.

FROM

THE OFFG. SECRETARY TO THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER
OF MYSORE.

TO

THE SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA,
HOME DEPARTMENT.

SIR,

With reference to your letters Nos. 156—69 and 381—9, dated respectively 6th April, and 14th August 1874, I am desired to submit for the information of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General of India in Council, the accompanying copy of the Proceedings of the Officiating Chief Commissioner, together with copy of a report submitted by the Deputy Surgeon General, I. M. D., shewing the results of the treatment of Leprosy by Gurjun-oil at the Bangalore Leper Asylum.

I have the honor to be
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant,

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

No. 4604—GENL. 1001, DATED BANGALORE, 10TH SEPTEMBER 1875.

ORDER.—Major Stewart, the Military Assistant, has been directed by the Officiating Chief Commissioner to place himself under his immediate orders, for the transaction of correspondence and business connected with the special arrangements now being made for the reception of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales at Bangalore, and for his tour through the Province. It is requested that communications from the Committee appointed in Officiating Chief Commissioner's Proceedings of 18th ultimo, No. 4073—864, as well as all letters having reference to the subject may be addressed to that Officer.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 11th September 1875.

From the Agent and Manager, Madras Railway, To the Officiating Chief Commissioner of Mysore, No. 2466, dated Madras, 15th July 1875.

I have the honor to enclose for your perusal a *letter which has been addressed to me by the Traffic Manager reporting the result of the prosecution of a passenger, before the Amildar of Bowringpet, for attempting to enter a railway carriag when in motion.

*C. 46732—9929, 8th July 1875.

As these prosecutions are undertaken by the Railway Company solely in the interests of the public, it appears to me that the least the Amildar could have done would have been to receive the evidence which had been obtained in support of the prosecution.

I request that you will be so good as to take such notice of the matter as you may deem expedient.

From the Traffic Manager, Madras Railway Company, To the Agent and Manager, Madras Railway, No. C. 46732—9929, dated Madras, 8th July 1875.

Attempt to enter a Carriage in motion.

On the 22nd May last, as the 11·15 A. M. train from Bangalore was leaving the plat-form at the Kolar Road Station, a Brahman (evidently a Cooly Class Passenger) was seen to run out of the latrine, and to make 3 attempts to get into a Cooly Class Carriage, the door of which was opened by one of the occupants of the carriage.

The Passenger was detained, and charged before the Amildar of Bowringpet on the 25th idem, under Clause IV of Act XVIII of 1854. When the case was called, the defendant was asked for an explanation, and the Amildar considering it sufficiently satisfactory dismissed the charge without going into the evidence for the prosecution.

I enclose copies of the depositions of the witnesses taken recently by Mr. Johnstone, at my request, for any action you may consider the case calls for.

From the Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, Genl. No. 813—501, dated 2nd August 1875.

The Secretary's docket No. 3410—144 of the 22nd ultimo, to the address of the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division.

Adverting to the above, the undersigned has the honor to submit the entire record in Criminal Case No. 92 of 1875 on the file of the Betmangala Taluk Amildar's Court. Madras Railway Company *vs.* Accused Sonar Muniswamiacharri.

2. A copy of the Amildar's explanation 240 of the 1st instant is also submitted.

No. 4637—GENL. 185, DATED BANGALORE, 11TH SEPTEMBER 1875.

ORDER THEREON.—It appears to the Officiating Chief Commissioner from a perusal of the Magistrate's record that in dismissing the case against the accused, after hearing merely the evidence of one witness for the prosecution, the Amildar acted most hastily, and that he was led to the opinion he had formed by an assumption for which there was apparently no warrant, *viz.*, that the carriage doors on the plat-form side are invariably fastened. The Station Master, however, states that the door of the carriage used by the accused had been thrown open, and the Magistrate clearly failed in his duty in not taking further evidence on this point.

2. The Amildar will be reprimanded, and warned to be more careful in the discharge of his duty.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 13th September 1875.

From the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, To the Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign Department, No. 3437—57, dated Bangalore, 22nd July 1875.

With reference to your letter No. 97, J., dated the 14th ultimo, I am desired to state that the Officiating Chief Commissioner sees no objection to the application to this Province of the rules published under Foreign Office Notification No. 2220, G. of 16th October 1873, which differ from those submitted from this Office and abridged in the draft copy furnished with your present letter in certain particulars, a memo of which is appended, and more especially in respect to the scale of fees. The former rules do not apparently provide for the special fees leviable in the cases of Native Christians under Sections 37, 61 and 63 of the Act.

2. With reference to para 5 of your letter, I am directed to state that Register Books may be deposited under Section 62 of the Act in the Office of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore.

3. Copy of Notification of 16th October 1873, and the 2 Draft Notifications received with your letter under reply, are herewith returned.

From the Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign Department, General, To the Offg. Chief Commissioner of Mysore, No. 1764,—G., dated Simla, the 31st August 1875.

I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of your Secretary's letter No. 3437—57, J., dated 22nd July 1875, relative to the application to Mysore of rules under the Indian Christian Marriage Act (Act XV of 1872).

2. The Viceroy and Governor General in Council observes that you have elected the rules published in this Office Notification No. 2220, G., dated 16th October 1873 ; they will accordingly be published in the *Gazette of India* with the modifications necessary to render them applicable to Mysore. Copies of the Notifications are herewith forwarded.

3. The differences which have been pointed out in your Secretary's letter under reply between these rules and those returned to you as amended in this Office, do not appear to the Governor General in Council to be of sufficient importance to warrant any alteration in the rules which you have now elected.

4. With reference to your Secretary's remarks, however, I am to point out that the fees leviable under Sections 37, 61 and 63 of the Act are prescribed in No. 6 of the scale about to be issued, and that it is necessary that the place of deposit of the Register Book mentioned in Section 62 of the Act should be prescribed by the Governor General in Council, because the Chief Commissioner does not possess the powers of a Local Government.

5. As regards the disposal of fees received by persons not being Marriage Registrars, it is unnecessary that these should be credited to Government. The form in which indents for the supply of Register Books are to be made is a matter for your discretion, and does not require special provision in the rules.

Foreign Department, General, Notification No. 1761, G., dated Simla, 31st August 1875.

So far as regards the Mysore Territories the Governor General in Council, in the exercise of the powers conferred by Sections 84 and 62 of "The Indian Christian Marriage Act, 1872," (Act XV of 1872), hereby fixes the following scale of fees to be charged under the aforesaid Act, and makes the following rules in regard to the disposal of such fees, the supply of Register Books, and the preparation and submission of returns of marriages solemnized under the aforesaid Act, and the form of the Register Book of marriages certified under Part VI of the same Act.

I. *Scale of Fees.*

		Rs.	As.	Ps.
1.	For receiving each notice of marriage	1	0	0
2.	For publishing each notice of marriage	2	0	0
3.	For the issuing of each certificate of marriage by a Marriage Registrar ...	3	0	0
4.	For registering each marriage by a Marriage Registrar	2	0	0
5.	For entering each protest against, or prohibition of the issue of a marriage certificate by a Marriage Registrar	10	0	0
6.	For searching Marriage Register Books or certificates or duplicates or copies thereof for a period of not more than one year; or in the case of a search of the Register Books or certificates prescribed under Sections 37—61 and 62 for a period of not more than 2 years	1	0	0
7.	For every additional year	0	4	0
8.	For granting a copy of any entry in Marriage Register Books or certificates or duplicates or copies thereof under Sections 63 and 79	1	0	0

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 13th September 1875.

II. *Rules.*

I. Fees levied by Marriage Registrars must, until further notice, be paid into the Government Treasury, and shall be credited to Provincial Services, or in such other manner as may be directed by the Government of India.

II. Marriage Registrars are authorized to remit any portion, not exceeding three-fourths, of the fees, in cases where they may consider the parties unable to pay such fees in full.

III. The Register Book prescribed in Section 62 shall be kept in the form given in the 4th Schedule of the Indian Christian Marriage Act, 1872.

IV. The headings of the Register Book prescribed in Section 62 should be in the language of the District in which the Register is kept, with an English translation, but so much of it as has to be filled in by the hand of the person performing the ceremony must be in his own vernacular language. True extracts from this Register Book shall be deposited in the Office of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore for the time being, or other Chief Political Officer representing the British Government in Mysore.

V. Applications for supply of Register Books and of forms of certificate should be forwarded for the sanction of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore for the time being, or other Chief Political Officer representing the British Government in Mysore.

Foreign Department, General, Notification, No. 1762, G. dated Simla, 31st August 1875.

Appointment.—Under Section 56 of "The Indian Christian Marriage Act, 1872" (Act XV of 1872), the Governor General in Council hereby appoints the Chief Commissioner of Mysore for the time being, or other Chief Political Officer representing the British Government in Mysore, to be the Officer to whom Marriage Registrars in Mysore shall send the certificates mentioned in Section 54 of the aforesaid Act.

Foreign Department, General, Notification No. 1763, G. dated Simla, 31st August 1875.

Appointment.—In exercise of the powers conferred by "The Indian Christian Marriage Act, 1872," (Act XV of 1872), Section 8, the Governor General in Council hereby appoints the persons respectively holding the undermentioned offices in Mysore for the time being, and being Christians, to be Marriage Registrars within their respective jurisdictions.

And in exercise of the power conferred by Section 9 of the same Act, the Governor General in Council hereby grants to the persons respectively holding the undermentioned offices in Mysore for the time being, and being Christians, a license authorizing them to grant certificates of marriage between Native Christians within their respective jurisdictions:—

Offices.	District.
The Deputy Commissioner	Bangalore.
Do	Túmkúr.
Do	Kolar.
Do	Mysore.
Do	Hassan.
Do	Shimoga.
Do	Kadur.
Do .. .. .. :	Chitaldroog.

No. 4715—Genl. 111, dated Bangalore, 13th September 1875.

Ordered, that copies of the foregoing be forwarded to the Judicial Commissioner, Commissioners of Divisions, and Deputy Commissioners of Districts.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 20th September 1875.

From the Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 460—190, G. dated Mysore, 8th September 1875.

I have the honor to acknowledge receipt of your Official Memo No. 3096—126, giving cover to petition registered No. 528 of the 25th May last from the ryots, traders and other inhabitants of Arsikere, Harnhalli Taluk, and directing to submit for final orders the question of the removal of the head-quarters of the Harnhalli Taluk to Arsikere.

2. On referring to previous correspondence, I find that the construction of a new Taluk Cutcherry at Harnhalli was sanctioned so long ago as 1853 (the amount not known), but the work was stopped as soon as the basement was completed for reasons which are not on record.

In 1861—62, Major Halliday re-opened the question, and recommended Arsikere as more suitable for the Taluk Cutcherry, but Colonel McHutchin dissented from this view, as he believed Arsikere to be small, unhealthy and unfitted for the head-quarters of the Taluk, as it did not contain any great number of shops, and was not well supplied with water, for which reasons he suggested the construction of the Taluk Cutcherry on a suitable site outside the fort of Harnhalli. As his opinion was concurred in by the Executive Engineer, an application was made in December 1861 to the Chief Engineer for the insertion of the project in the Budget for 1862—63, but the Budget had already been prepared and the project was deferred.

3. Subsequently, *viz.*, in 1863—64 when propositions were submitted to the Chief Engineer for constructing Taluk Cutcherries in localities where they were most urgently needed, Major T. Clarke, then Deputy Commissioner, reported that he had an opportunity of inspecting the Taluk Cutcherry at Harnhalli and could fully endorse the opinion which had been expressed as to its unsuitableness, by successive Assistant Superintendents from the year 1853, adding that, as stated by Major Halliday, Arsikere would be the best locality for the Taluk Cutcherry, and that the opposite view taken by Colonel McHutchin was not altogether sustainable.

4. Major Thomson who succeeded Major T. Clarke in 1864 reported that Arsikere is well adapted for all intents and purposes both from its central position in the most populous part of the taluk, and near the junction of three roads, and that there was every prospect of a sufficient supply of water by improving the tank. As regards Harnhalli he observed that it is inconveniently located near the extremity of the taluk in low and swampy ground, so much so that the place is notoriously unhealthy and the market is smaller than in Arsikere.

5. The reasons assigned by Major Hill were, that not only the officials and others in Harnhalli fall sick constantly, but persons who make a temporary stay there at the time of the jamabandi settlement also suffer from fever, and that although it is an old town with 631 houses, 21 shops, 60 oil-mills, and a population of 1941, and is capable of being rendered healthier by means of sanitary improvement, &c., it is not a fit place for the Taluk head-quarters, especially as it is declining in importance and the trade is insignificant; whereas Arsikere situated as it is at the junction of 3 roads with 204 houses, 10 shops and 16 oil-mills, and a population of 601, possesses the advantage of a good and healthy climate and every likelihood of becoming more important hereafter. Regarding water-supply, he anticipated that the improvement of some of the existing wells and the tank would answer all requirements.

6. Major Campbell was of opinion that as the natural consequence of removing the Taluk Cutcherry to Arsikere, the comparatively large and populous town of Harnhalli, forsaken by officials and neglected as to sanitary measures, would soon become a fever-stricken place, and he advocated improving and cleaning this place helping at the same time the advancement of Arsikere as far as practicable.

7. Colonel Clerk recommended the removal of the Taluk Cutcherry to Arsikere, observing that the only difficulty is the want of water which can however be met by the improvement of the Tank, while Harnhalli has had a bad reputation ever since he knew the Division, and it would be unwise to build the new Cutcherry there.

8. The reasons adduced by Captain Shaw, the present Deputy Commissioner, in favor of Arsikere, are, its situation at the junction of 3 main roads, the healthy climate, the existence of a large number of vacant building-sites which have already been purchased for shops, and a public bungalow; the large traffic carried on through the place and the capability of the tank being improved: while in the case of Harnhalli the enormous outaly of Rs. 7,147 suggested for sanitary improvements with no certainty of rendering the place healthier, the existence of a large number of deserted houses which are now used for cattle sheds, the insignificant trade at present carried on by the merchants residing in the place who are petty traders and the distance of the main roads render it much inferior to Arsikere in all respects.

9. The ryots, merchants, &c., of Arsikere of course desire that the Cutcherry should be built there, while counter-petitions are received from the inhabitants of Harnhalli, but the preponderance of opinion is questionably in favor of Arsikere, and I have no doubt myself that it is preferable to Harnhalli and that locating the Cutcherry there will give an impetus to building and trade. I therefore submit the proposal for constructing the Taluk Cutcherry at Arsikere, and request that you will obtain the sanction of the Chief Commissioner for the insertion of the project in the D. P. W. Budget for the ensuing official year.

10. The entire correspondence in the matter is herewith sent in original to be obligingly returned.

No. 267, dated 10th August 1863, from Dy. Supt., Hassan.
No. 347, dated 7th October 1863, do.
No. 649, do 26th September 1871, do.
No. 1160, do 7th December 1872, } to the Secy. to the Chief Comm.
No. 638—192, dated 9th Dec. 1872, }
No. 1191, dated 7th March 1874, from Dy. Commr., Hassan.
No. 728—203, dated 10th March 1874, to the Secy. to the Chief Commr.
No. 804, dated 18th August 1875, from Dy. Commr., Hassan.
Finyal Memo No. 3096—126, dated 10th July 1875.

No. 5062—Genl. 188, dated Bangalore, 20th September 1875.

Order thereon.—In the above letter the Commissioner submits his opinion on a project which has been under discussion for many years, *viz.*, the removal of the head-quarters of the Harnhalli Taluk to Arsikere. As remarked by Major Hay the preponderance of opinion is in favor of Arsikere as the taluk-head-quarters, but while doubts exist as to the practicability of obtaining a sufficient water-supply at Arsikere, to meet the wants of the increased population, the Officiating Chief Commissioner deems further enquiry on the point necessary, before any final decision can be arrived at. The Chief Engineer will be requested to have a full investigation made into the means of improving the water-supply at Arsikere.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

From the Guardian to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 18, dated 25th June 1875.

In returning the petition of Dase Gauda of Ichur in the Periyapatna Taluk, sent with your Official Memorandum, dated 30th April 1875, No. 825—G. 202, I have the honor to state that the petitioner served in the Palace establishment as Cattle-Daroga on a salary of Rs. 8—11—8 per month, from April 1851 for a period of 17 years, and his son of the same name, as Sérvegar on a salary of Rs. 2 from July 1855 for a period of 12 years. The petitioner's brother had served the Palace before, from 1839, but not the petitioner, who succeeded his brother only in April 1851. He and his son were thus entitled to gratuities of 17 and 12 months' pay or Rs. 148 and 24 respectively, according to the terms of Major Elliot's settlement, but I find that these gratuities to the whole of the Palace Amrut Mahal establishment have not been paid. I was under the impression that this was in consequence of the arrears of grazing rent which they failed to collect. I find, however, that the arrears in question were made good from 4 months' pay due to the establishments, and that in para 6 of Major Elliot's letter to the Chief Commissioner, dated 31st October 1868, No. 92, he notices these gratuities to Mandecharayi or Amrut Mahal Department amounting to Rs. 2,388 as an item requiring to be thereafter disbursed. As their disbursement to the petitioner would lead to similar claims from the others concerned, I once for all request sanction for the disbursement of the total amount referred to, *viz.*, Rs. 2,388, as the parties entitled to them come forward to receive them. The parties are themselves to blame for not having urged their claims at the time. There has been difficulty in ascertaining the details of the settlement made so long ago.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 20th September 1875.

From the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, To the Guardian to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, No. 53, dated Bangalore, 19th July 1875.

Your letter No. 18, dated 25th ultimo, reporting on the petition of Dase Gauda of Periyapatna Taluk, belonging to the late Maharaja's Amrut Mahal Department, and requesting sanction for the disbursement of the total amount Rs. 2,388 referred to in para 6 of Colonel Elliot's letter No. 92 of 31st October 1868, as the parties entitled to the gratuities therein awarded come forward to receive them.

The Guardian is referred to the letter No. 10 of 15th April 1869 from Colonel G. Haines, late Guardian to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, to the Assistant Commissary General at Húnsúr, with a request that further enquiry may be made as to whether any payment was made to the claimants, in accordance with the intention therein expressed.

From the Guardian to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 32, dated 8th September 1875.

With reference to your docket No. 53, dated 20th July 1875, I have the honor to state that a reference had to be made to the Commissariat Officer at Húnsúr. From the reply of that Officer, copy of which is enclosed, as well as from the enquiries made in my Office, it does not appear that the gratuities in question have ever been disbursed.

From the Assistant Commissary General, Húnsúr, To the Guardian to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, No. 124, dated Húnsúr, 9th August 1875.

I have the honor to forward herewith copy of the *letter called for by you and in doing so would point out that neither the gratuity certificates therein alluded to nor the transfer receipt was ever received by this Department.

*In your letter No. 52, dated—August 1875.

Referring to the certificates which are alluded to as having been enclosed in the letter, there is written in pencil in the margin " will be forwarded."

From the Guardian to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, To the Assistant Commissary General, Húnsúr, No. 10, dated 15th April 1869.

I have the honor to inform you that I have issued instructions to the Cattle Department of His Highness' Palace to make over to you the Amrut Mahal cattle and kavals with the exception of the three referred to in the accompanying copy of my letter to the Commissioner, and request that amount of gratuities to the servants in charge as per certificate enclosed may be disbursed to them on their satisfactorily accounting for the cattle to your Department for which purpose a transfer receipt in your favor for the amount will be forwarded.

I take this opportunity of requesting an early settlement of the amount due on account of elephants sold to your Department.

No. 88, GENL., DATED BANGALORE, 20TH SEPTEMBER 1875.

ORDER.—The proposal of the Guardian to disburse the gratuities due to the servants of the Palace Amrut Mahal establishment who were discharged in 1869, is sanctioned. The payments on this account during the current official year should be limited to the funds available from Budget savings.

2. The payees' receipts and original certificates should be produced in each case as vouchers for the payments.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 28th September 1875.

From the Collector of North Arcot, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 1146, dated Bireddipalli, 23rd September 1875.

As it has been *reported to me by the Hospital Assistant in charge of the Devasthanam Dispensary at Tripetty that Cholera is now prevailing in that Town, and as the Annual Great Feast there is fast approaching and commences on the 1st proximo, I have the honor to request that you will be so good as to warn the people of your Province not to visit Tripetty on that occasion.

*Letter No. 55, dated 19th September 1875.

No. 5340—D. 907, DATED BANGALORE, 28TH SEPTEMBER 1875.

Copy of the above is forwarded to the Editors of the Bangalore "Spectator" and "Examiner" and the Compiler, Mysore Gazette, for publication, and copies distributed to the Deputy Commissioners, and Presidents, Municipal Commissions, Bangalore, and Mysore.

"By Order,"

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

PART I.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

A.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF MYSORE FOR THE MONTH OF SEPTEMBER 1875.

1	2	3	4	5	6
Index Nos. of the Proceedings.	Subject.	Nos. and Dates of Proceedings.	Date of Report to the Secretary of State for India.	Nos. and Dates of previous Proceedings.	Page.
1	*Mysore General Test Examination.* Desiring that no action be taken at present in conformity with the terms of Rules 5 and 6.	No. 5106—2, dated 22nd Sept. 1875.	...	..	1
2 to 3	*Anglo-Indian Aid Association.* Requesting President, Cantonment Municipal Commission, to submit the views of the Commission as to the moiety payable by the Municipality of any sum that the Government of India may be pleased to sanction towards the funds of the Association.	No. 5185—8, dated 23rd Sept. 1875.	...	*Vide* Progs. for April 1875, Part I. Rev. Ag. & Com. No, 5.	1—3
4 to 5	*Grants-in-aid for Educational purposes.* Forwarding correspondence on the subject of the powers of the Chief Commissioner to sanction such, to the Director of Public Instruction and the Deputy Accountant General.	No. 5296—896, dated 27th Sept. 1875.	...	...	4

No. 5106—E. 2, DATED BANGALORE, 22ND SEPTEMBER 1875.

ORDER.—As the arrangements contemplated in Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 380, dated 4th March 1875, prescribing Rules for the Mysore General Test Examination, are still under consideration, the Officiating Chief Commissioner desires that no action be taken at present in conformity with the terms of Rules 5 and 6.

The requisite instructions should be issued to the Amildars of Taluks.

A Notification to the above effect will be published in the Gazette.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

From the President and Members of the Executive Committee of the Anglo-Indian Aid Association, To the Offg. Chief Commissioner of Mysore, dated Bangalore, 15th July 1875.

We, the undersigned members of the Executive Committee of the Bangalore Anglo-Indian Aid Association, have the honor to submit for your perusal the accompanying Proceedings of a General Meeting held on the 8th July 1875 and the Report of the Association.

2. When the Association was formed in November last and our President waited on Sir Richard Meade, that gentleman was pleased to encourage our efforts by giving a liberal contribution both personally and on behalf of the Mysore Government, and at the same time Sir Richard Meade was pleased to say that should the efforts of the Association prove successful, we might reckon on the further assistance of Government.

3. As the report herewith submitted contains full information as to the progress made by the Association and the position in which its finances stand up to the 30th June 1875, we refrain from troubling you with a recapitulation of the facts.

4. In order to carry out the instruction and training of European and Eurasian lads in practical arts and industries, the necessity for which is admitted both by the Government and the public, we find it incumbent on us to secure a permanent supply of funds to the extent of at least rupees five hundred per mensem as, in addition to encouraging the foundation and extension of Ragged schools which may be looked upon as a preparatory course to fit the pupils for being taught industrial arts, it is our intention for the present to have fifty apprentices who will cost the Association for lodging, boarding and clothing a minimum of ten rupees each, or in all the sum of rupees five hundred.

5. The average amount of collections from the community of Bangalore is estimated at from two hundred and fifty to three hundred rupees monthly, and we respectfully request you will be pleased to supplement the income of the Association by sanctioning a grant-in-aid of rupees two hundred and fifty monthly, towards the promotion of the measure contemplated by the Association for the improvement of the class in question.

From the Director of Public Instruction in Mysore, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 1551, dated Bangalore, 10th August 1875.

I have the honor to reply to your docket No. 3462—Genl. 736 of the 23rd ultimo, forwarding for opinion an application (herewith returned) from the Anglo Indian-Aid-Association, requesting a grant of Rs. 250 a month from Government.

2. Regarding the work of the Association since it was formed in November last, I have obtained the following particulars.

A registration has been commenced from house to house of the class whom it is sought to benefit, shewing the number, name, sex and age of the inmates, with source and amount of income.

As the result of the information so obtained a number of children, both boys and girls, have been put to school and provided with fees, clothing, and a meal a day. A Ragged school has been formed of 39 of these children at Shuie, supported by private persons, to which the Association give a monthly grant of Rs. 20. Others have been received into the Saint Mark's Ragged school at the back of the Infantry Lines, to which also Rs. 20 a month is granted for the purpose of providing a meal a day. (This school receives a grant from Government besides.) A girls' school established in Church street has since been given up.

An industrial school has been opened in the Friend-in-Need Society's workshop, lent to the Association rent-free for one year. Into this 11 boys have been received, 3 of whom are learning the trade of a blacksmith and 8 that of a carpenter, under a European Foreman. Besides these, 17 others have been apprenticed out in Bangalore, namely, 3 as shoemakers at Mrs. Eagan's, 7 as iron-fitters at the Victoria Iron-works, 3 as printers at the Examiner Press, 2 as stone-masons at Cowley and Co.,'s, and 2 as gardeners at the Lal-Bagh. Another is to learn the tuning of pianos at Mr. Moraes', and it is proposed to send a few to learn farming at the Experimental Farm.

Applications have been made to Government for the introduction of an Apprentice Act into Mysore and for the admission of Anglo-Indians into the Army. Inquiries have also been instituted regarding the openings for emigration.

3. The income of the Association up to 30th June amounted to Rs. 2,400 as per particulars in the margin. This included a donation of Rs. 500 from the Mysore Government, and one of Rs. 250 from Sir Richard Meade. The expenditure to the same date was Rs. 2,024, as also detailed in the margin. The subscriptions, which it appears averaged about Rs. 100 a month to the end of June, have since been considerably augmented, and the Association estimate that from Rs. 250 to 300 will now be obtained from this source.

Receipts.	Rs.
Donations	1,540
Subscriptions	748
Proceeds of work at Industrial School	112
	2,400

Expenditure.	
Grants to Ragged Schools ...	155
Maintenance of Apprentices ...	353
Establishment at the Industrial School.	478
Purchase of tools and stock ...	791
Servants and contingencies ...	247
	2,024

4. The objects to which they desire specially to devote their funds are, the foundation and extension of Ragged schools, and the training at the Industrial School, or placing out elsewhere of apprentices for the purpose of learning various arts and trades. As regards the latter, they reckon on having 50 apprentices, who will cost Rs. 10 each, or Rs. 500 a month. And in order to secure this amount of income, a grant is requested of Rs. 250 a month from Government, to supplement an equal sum expected from subscriptions.

5. The efforts made by the Association to remove the ignorance and destitution of a too often neglected and helpless class, by inducing the children to learn and work, and putting the lads in the way of earning a livelihood by following some trade, are I venture to think entitled to liberal consideration in view of the numbers of the poor of this class living here.

6. The Chief Commissioner will be interested in the following statistics of instruction for European and Eurasian children, which I am now in a position to furnish, but which were not available at the time that I reported on that subject at the beginning of last year.

7. According to the census returns there are 2,975 European and Eurasian children in Bangalore divided between either class and sex as in the margin. The number of boys is thus seen to be 1,440 and of girls 1,535. But a comparison of tables shew that the terms *boy* and *girl* have been applied to all minors, that is all up to, and including the age of 20. This goes considerably beyond the ordinary period of attendance at school. Allowing therefore for all below 6 and above 18 we obtain the result that there are 778 boys and 829 girls of school-going age, or 1,607 altogether.

	Europeans.		*Eurasians.*	
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
Civil ...	351	454	575	673
Military ...	411	302	103	108
	762	754	678	781

8. The number known to be under public instruction as now ascertained by the educational returns into which columns were lately introduced by me for the purpose of getting this information, is as given in the margin. Out of the 778 boys and 829 girls therefore of school-going age, there are 760 boys and 616 girls under public instruction alone. The balance of 30 boys and 201 girls, it may fairly be inferred, are to a great extent receiving private instruction. This is especially the case with the girls, for whom there are at least three well-known private schools.

	Europeans.		*Eurasians.*	
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
Government Schools ...	15	0	8	0
Aided Schools ...	273	297	264	164
Military Schools ...	149	116	39	51
	437	413	311	215

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Educational Department, 23rd September 1875.

9. These results may appear somewhat too favorable, and of course do not allow for the increase of the juvenile population since 1871, the date of the census; but looking to the number of agencies at work on the classes in question in Bangalore, and judging from general observation they do not seem to me materially wide of the mark. The means of education are evidently not insufficient though there may be some room for further effort as regards girls. The detailed inquiries being made by the Anglo-Indian-Aid-Association will, it is to be hoped, throw more light upon this point.

10. There remain then the arrangements for industrial training which the Association seem prepared to undertake as a distinctive work. During the three months their measures to this end have now been in operation, a real demand for instruction in useful trades has been awakened among the class most in need of help towards gaining a livelihood by manual labor, as appears from the number of lads already engaged. Several respectable people have also, I understand, applied to have their sons placed out as apprentices in connection with the Association, but without expense to the latter, an evidence that a right step has been taken in promoting this system of instruction, I should be glad however to see something of the kind set on foot for girls.

11. The amount of grant asked for by the Association is somewhat large, though perhaps not more so than is necessary to ensure the support of 50 apprentices, if there are means of accepting so many. But the sanction of this would probably be followed by an application for similar aid from the Association at Mysore and perhaps from other quarters. I would therefore propose to make such grant as the Chief Commissioner may be pleased to allow chargeable, subject to annual revision of the amount, upon the contribution to education from Municipal Funds, which has I believe been called for. The sum now fixed might be provisional up to the end of the current official year.

12. I enclose for the Chief Commissioner's information a copy of the Association's last report. Their application is also herewith returned.

No. 5185—Edl. 8, dated Bangalore, 23rd September 1875.

Order.—The Officiating Chief Commissioner considers that the Cantonment Municipal Commission may fitly be required to bear a moiety of any sum that the Government of India may be pleased to sanction towards the funds of the Anglo-Indian-Aid Association from the additional revenue that will accrue to the Municipality, under the provisions of Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 195 of 10th April 1875. The amount of this grant may be fixed at Rs. 200, or in some definite proportion to the number of boys undergoing training at the Industrial School. The President, Municipal Commission, is requested to submit the views of the Commission on these points.

T CLARKE,
Offg Secretary

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Educational Department, 27th September 1875.

From the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, To the Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department, Simla, No. 2583—9, dated Bangalore, 24th June 1875.

A doubt having arisen as to whether under the terms of the revised Grant-in-aid Rules for this Province, sanction to which was conveyed in Mr. Under-Secretary C. Plowden's letter No. 262 of 19th June 1873, the Chief Commissioner can sanction grants-in-aid for educational purposes without previous reference to the Government of India, I am desired by the Officiating Chief Commissioner to submit the question for the orders of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General in Council.

2. The Grant-in-aid Rules above referred to, extract from para 1 of which is transcribed in the margin, empowers the "Local Government" to sanction such grants, but though the powers of a Local Government are ordinarily exercised by the Head of this Administration, the term has not been defined in the present case. It appears to have been usual, moreover, to submit such grants for the sanction of the Government of India, since the issue of the rules.

The Local Government, at its discretion, and upon such conditions as may seem fit in each case, (reference being had to the requirements of each District as compared with others, and the funds at the disposal of Government) will grant aid in money, books, or otherwise, to any school under adequate local management, in which a good secular education is given through the medium either of English or the Vernacular tongue.

3. The case which has given rise to the present reference is that set forth in the accompanying Proposition Statement submitted by the Director of Public Instruction which is now forwarded, together with a printed copy of the Proceedings of the Officiating Chief Commissioner No. 831—2, dated 30th April last, passing orders upon the application on behalf of the grant in question.

From the Officiating Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department, To the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, (Education) No. 167, dated Simla, the 15th September 1875.

I am directed to acknowledge your letter No. 2583—9, dated the 24th June last, and in reply to say that, under Home Department orders No. 262, dated the 19th June 1873, you have not the powers of a Local Government to sanction grants-in-aid for educational purposes, but the Governor General in Council is now pleased to authorize you to exercise such powers in future.

No. 5296—D. 896, DATED BANGALORE, 27TH SEPTEMBER 1875.

Copies of the foregoing are forwarded to the Director of Public Instruction and Deputy Accountant General in Mysore for information.

" By Order,"

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

PART I.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

A.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF MYSORE FOR THE MONTH OF SEPTEMBER 1875.

1	2	3	4	5	6
Index Nos. of the Proceedings.	Subject.	Nos. and Dates of Proceedings.	Date of Report to the Secretary of State for India.	Nos. and Dates of previous Proceedings.	Page.
1 to 2	*Appointment of a Veterinarian to the Mysore Siledar Horse.* Directing that copies of letters on the subject be forwarded to the Military Assistant and the Deputy Accountant General.	No. 4534—35, dated 8th Sept. 1875.	...	...	1 to 3

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Military Department, 8th September 1875.

From the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, To the Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign Department, Military, Simla, No. 3310—M. 54, dated Bangalore, 19th July 1875.

I have the honor by direction of the Officiating Chief Commissioner to submit for the favorable consideration and orders of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General of India in Council, a proposal for the appointment of a Veterinarian to the Mysore Siledar Horse on a salary of 100 Rs. per mensem.

2. The circumstances under which the application is made, are stated by the Military Assistant in his letter of the 4th February last, from which the following passages are extracted.

"3. In connection with this important question, I have the honor to make the following "suggestion, which, if it meets the approval of the Chief Commissioner, will, I believe, tend more "than any thing else to the benefit of the Force, and, if judiciously developed, of the Province gene- "rally. That is, the appointment of a Veterinary Surgeon whose duty would be the professional "supervision of the health of the horses of the Siledars, and the mares and young foals at Kunigal, "the training of the Farriers, and the teaching to them the art of shoeing, and a slight knowledge "of medicine and the treatment of the commonest ailments of horses."

"4. At present the only person in the whole Force of 3 Regiments of 1,200 horses who "has any knowledge of the veterinary art, is a pensioned Salustry from the Remount Depôt at "Oossoor. Were he to become unable to perform his duties, (and he is now an old man) there is "no one to take his place, nor do I know where to procure one. This information will alone "suffice to explain to the Chief Commissioner how very frequently it must now happen that horses "are lost for want of attention, or from imprudent treatment. Formerly there were Nakibs or "Veterinarians on the strength of each Regiment of Siledars, but they seem to have been enter- "tained without any reference to their qualifications; they had no knowledge of horses or their "diseases, and were mere hangers-on on the staff of the Regimentdars. Under the new system "of Farriers, I am very desirous of training a certain number of men who would be something "more useful than mere Nalbands, and of entertaining for the post of Farrier-Major none but those "who are able to treat horses with some degree of experience; and I cannot hope to succeed in "this without having the benefit of professional assistance."

"5. At Kunigal, I have no Veterinarian at all, and for the treatment of the sick foals have "to trust to the capabilities of the Risaldar, supplemented by such little knowledge as I have "gained myself. Here I urgently need professional advice in the treatment of infantile diseases "of the young stock, and a professional man with a knowledge of the treatment of mares when in "foal, and during parturition would be simply invaluable. At present whenever anything goes "wrong it almost always results in the death of a mare, which a slight professional knowledge "would have saved."

"6. Beyond this, the services of a professional man having some knowledge of, and with "leisure to devote himself to the diseases which periodically visit disastrously the cattle of the "country, would be of inestimable benefit, and his time should be occupied in visiting the dis- "tricts where cattle disease exists, the Kunigal Farm and out-posts of Siledar Horse, as well as in "training the veterinary establishment of the Regiments. I doubt not that the Government would "place such an Officer's services at the disposal of the Mysore Government, who would for a small "staff salary of say Rs. 50 or Rs. 100 in addition to his Regimental pay, with travelling allowance, "be glad to accept it. The pay of a Veterinary Surgeon of 10 years' service is 414 Rs. and "the appointment might be temporary subject to reconsideration after a term of 3 years."

"7. Should the Chief Commissioner be pleased to consider favorably this proposition, it "would, I believe, tend more towards the advancement of breeding horses, and the improvement "of cattle than any other suggestion I could offer. Professional advice and treatment would, I "hope, enable me to account for and counteract the present high percentage of barrenness amongst "the mares, and professional supervision would lead to the better feeding of the horses more than "any amount of orders I can give."

3. While concurring in the necessity of providing the depôt at Kunigal with a Veterinarian, the Chief Commissioner declined to recommend the appointment of a Veterinary Surgeon, and the proposal has accordingly been modified.

The salary of the appointment is too small to attract persons of any high attainments in that profession, but Major Stewart anticipates that he will be able to secure the services of a pensioned Farrier-Major of Cavalry, who, in addition to his duties as Veterinarian at Bangalore, where the sick horses are kept, would be able to train men selected for the post of Farrier-Majors of Regiments.

The usual proposition statement accompanies.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF PROPOSITION SUBMITTED BY THE MILITARY ASSISTANT TO THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF MYSORE.

YEARS.	REVENUE.		CHARGES.		TOTAL.		NET.	
	Ordinary.	Extraordinary.	Ordinary.	Extraordinary.	Revenue.	Charges.	Surplus.	Deficit.
18 . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18 .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18 .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Extract from Department of Government of India.		Office to which the Proposition refers.	NATURE OF CHARGE.					PROPOSITION.												GROUNDS OF PROPOSITION.	Local Government's recommendation.	ORDERS OF THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.		
			Present Scale.				Proposed Scale.				PERMANENT.				TEMPORARY.							Foreign Department.	Financial Department.	
											Increase.			Decrease.			Increase.			Decrease.			Remarks.	Remarks.	Orders.
No.	Date.		No.	Rs.	A.	P.		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.					
Foreign Department No. 32.	29th July 1874.	Sawar Establishment.	3 Regimentdars ...	750	0	0	3 Regimentdars ...	750	0	0													There is at present no provision for any Veterinary establishment, and the drill and increased duties of the Siledars have rendered apparent the necessity of more active supervision over the horses. There are moreover a great many more sick and lame horses now than formerly, which at present cannot be properly treated. It is necessary to instruct men for the posts of Farrier-Majors and Farriers which were sanctioned under the new organization and this would be one of the principal duties of the Veterinarian.	Recommended for sanction. "By Order," T. CLARKE, *Offg. Secretary.*			
			18 Risaldars	2,160	0	0	18 Risaldars	2,160	0	0																	
			3 Sarzaffardars	180	0	0	3 Sarzaffardars ...	180	0	0																	
			18 Jemadars	900	0	0	18 Jemadars	900	0	0																	
			108 Daffedars	3,780	0	0	108 Daffedars	3,780	0	0																	
			3 Trumpet Majors ...	90	0	0	3 Trumpet Majors ...	90	0	0																	
			18 Trumpeters	468	0	0	18 Trumpeters	468	0	0																	
			3 Kettle Drummers or Dhanka Navazes ...	78	0	0	3 Kettle Drummers or Dhanka Navazes ...	78	0	0																	
			3 Nishanbardars ...	96	0	0	3 Nishanbardars ...	96	0	0																	
			990 Sawars	25,740	0	0	990 Sawars	25,740	0	0																	
			36 Allowance to Lance Daffedars	72	0	0	36 Allowance to Lance Daffedars	72	0	0																	
			3 Farrier-Majors ...	90	0	0	1 Veterinarian	100	0	0	100	0	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					
			18 Farriers	468	0	0	3 Farrier-Majors ...	90	0	0																	
			3 Sarpeshkars	120	0	0	18 Farriers	468	0	0																	
			18 Peshkars	630	0	0	3 Sarpeshkars	120	0	0																	
			15 Servants	86	0	0	18 Peshkars	630	0	0																	
							15 Servants	86	0	0																	
				35,708	0	0		35,808	0	0	100	0	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Military Department, 8th September 1875.

From the Assistant Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign Department, Military, To the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, No. 124, M., dated Simla, 30th August 1875.

In reply to your Offg. Secretary's letter No. 3310—54, dated 19th July 1875, I am directed to state that the Governor General in Council sanctions the appointment of a Veterinarian to the Mysore Siledar Horse, on a salary of Rs. 100 per mensem.

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2. No. 4534—MILT. 35, DATED BANGALORE, 8TH SEPTEMBER 1875.

ORDERED that copies of the foregoing letters be forwarded to the Military Assistant to the Chief Commissioner and the Deputy Accountant General in Mysore.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

PART II.

JUDICIAL.

B.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF SEPTEMBER 1875.

MYSORE.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	A memorial from four prisoners, two of whom had been sentenced to death, and two to transportation, with copies of the judgment and sentence of the Sessions Court, of the opinion of the Assessors and of the judgment of the Judicial Commissioner, was submitted to the Government of India in the Foreign Department, with a remark that there were no extenuating or other circumstances in connection with the case which called for the exercise of the prerogative of mercy on the part of the Executive, but that pending orders the execution of the capital sentences had been suspended.	1st Sept. 1875.	*Vide* Progs. for August 1875, Part II, Judicial, Nos. and 7-11.
2	In reply, the Officiating Judicial Commissioner was informed that Mr. Dalyell concurred with him in doubting the advisability of extending the powers conferred by Act 13 of 1859, to Amildars at present, with the observation that the Nagar Commissioner, who raised the question, had not conclusively shewn the need of having recourse to such extension in the interests of petty contractors.	3rd do	
3	In reply, the Officiating Judicial Commissioner was requested to submit a nominal roll giving the designation and duties of each Clerk in the Office of the Deputy Inspector General of Police and the reasons for recommending an increase to their salaries.	4th do	
4	A warrant for the apprehension of one Mahadeva Virpaksha was returned to the Nundydroog Commissioner duly countersigned.	10th do	
5	In reply, the Officiating Chief Commissioner's remarks on the subject of amending the law relating to telegraphs in India, were submitted to to the Government of India in the Legislative Department.	22nd do	
6	Copy of Government of India No. 1874, G. dated 14th instant, declining to interfere with the sentences passed upon Hanumappa and Gurappa under sentence of death, was forwarded to the Officiating Judicial Commissioner in continuation of this Office communication dated 16th instant, forwarding copy of telegram from the Supreme Government on the subject.	23rd do	*Vide* Part II. of Progs. for Aug. 1875, Judicial, No. 11.
7	In reply, the Chief Commissioner's orders on the case of Amildar Mangapati Noidu were communicated to the Officiating Judicial Commissioner and Commissioner, Nundydroog Division.	Do do	
8	A warrant for the apprehension and surrender of one Yellappa was returned to the Nundydroog Commissioner duly countersigned.	25th do	
9	In reply, the Officiating Judicial Commissioner was informed that certain rules for the conduct of post mortem examinations and the transmission of suspected substances to the Chemical Examiner were approved, and would be published in the Local Gazette for the guidance of the Officers concerned.	27th do	
10	Copies of a communication from the Nundydroog Commissioner, on the subject of investing Munsiffs and Peshkars with powers to inflict fines for offences against Municipal Rules, were forwarded to the Commissioners, Nundydroog and Ashtagram for opinion.	28th do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Order.
11	Under circumstances represented, the Officiating Judicial Commissioner was informed that the Chief Commissioner sanctioned the remission of the remaining period of the sentence passed on prisoner Krishna, confined in the Mysore Jail.	30th Sept. 1875.	
12	Copy of the Proceedings of the Government of India, for making laws and regulations on the Burmah Courts' Bill and the Panjab Chief Court Appeals' Bill, was forwarded to Officiating Judicial Commissioner.	Do do	

MYSORE CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
Bangalore, 1st October 1875.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

PART II.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE, AGRICULTURE & COMMERCE.

B.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF SEPTEMBER 1875.

MYSORE.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	The usual season report for week ending 2nd September 1875 was signalled to the Government of India in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.	2nd Sept. 1875.	
2	Three printed copies of the returns of food grains in this Province and Coorg, for fortnight ending 15th August 1875, were submitted to the Government of India in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.	4th do	
3	Copy of Government of India No. 930, dated 21st August 1875, stating that at present there is no vacancy in the 1st Grade of Assistant Conservators, but that the recommendation on behalf of Mr. Nugent Daly had been noted, was forwarded to the Conservator of Forests.	7th do	*Vide* Part II. "Revenue-Forests" of Progs. for Aug. 1875, No. 2.
4	A manuscript copy of the return of prices current of food grains in this Province and Coorg, for fortnight ending 31st August 1875, was submitted to the Government of India, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.	8th do	
5	The usual season report for week ending 9th September was signalled to the Government of India in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.	9th do	
6	As solicited by Nagar Commissioner, the grant of certain lands in the Chitaldroog District, required for building purposes, was sanctioned, and he was informed that application would be made to the Government of India for the permanent remission of assessment of 4 annas and 9 pies on 27 guntas of land which forms a portion of the occupied field No. 2. Application to the Government of India accordingly.—Communicated to Survey and Settlement Commissioner.	10th do	
7	A revised form of "*ad-interim* certificate" suited to the various descriptions of minor inams and whole inam villages, was forwarded to Inam Commissioner for adoption.	13th do	
8	As solicited by Nagar Commissioner, sanction was conveyed to Rs. 100, for the repair of the Kallesvara temple in the Kankuppa Taluk, being met from the current year's budget under head 21. "Muzrayi." Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
9	In returning an original statement of the progress made in the Kadur District in the settlement of temporary remuneration to Patels, the Nagar Commissioner was informed that the report was satisfactory.	Do do	
10	Three printed copies of the return of food grains in this Province and Coorg, for fortnight ending 31st August 1875, were submitted to the Government of India, in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.	16th do	
11	The Nagar Commissioner was requested to explain why certain land of the value of Rs. 50—12—0, in the Chitaldroog and Budihal Taluks, was allowed to be resigned after the season for relinquishment of Land had expired.	17th do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
12	As solicited by the Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District, the grant of a piece of land in the Koppa Taluk, for coffee cultivation to Mr. G. M. Porter, was sanctioned if no objection was found to exist.	17th Sept. 1875.	
13	A printed copy of the Report of the Chief Medical Officer in this Province for 1874, with the Chief Commissioner's Review thereon, was submitted to the Government of India in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.	Do do	
14	The usual season report for week ending September 16th was signalled to the Government of India, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.	Do do	
15	Referring to telegram of the 6th ultimo, the Government of India in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce were informed that the Commander-in-Chief of Madras had withdrawn his application for Lieutenant McCally's services and that he would therefore be retained in the Revenue survey of this Province.—Communicated to Survey and Settlement Commissioner.	19th do	
16	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District was informed that the grant of two English Coffee pattas in lieu of an existing Kanarese copy could not be complied with.	20th do	
17	In reply, the Ashtagram Commissioner was informed, with reference to proceedings of March 1874, that unless the settlement of any of the taluks mentioned in his communication would be effected in the ensuing year, the Deputy Commissioner should proceed at once to make the preliminary enquiry necessary for fixing the temporary remuneration of Patels in those taluks.	22nd do	*Vide* Part I. of Progs. for March 1874, Dept. of Rev. Ag. & Com. Index No. 45.
18	A manuscript copy of the return of prices current of food grains in this Province and Coorg, for fortnight ending 15th September 1875, was submitted to the Government of India in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.	Do do	
19	Copy of Government of India No. 320, intimating that application had been made to Her Majesty's Secretary of State for a small quantity of Liberian coffee for experimental cultivation, was forwarded to the Director of Government Garden, Bangalore.	23rd do	*Vide* Part I. of Progs. for Aug. 1875, Dept. of Rev. Ag. & Com. Index Nos 7—8.
20	In reply, the Kadur Deputy Commissioner was informed that the Officiating Chief Commissioner was pleased to sanction the grant of certain land for coffee cultivation to Mr. R. C. Sanderson, provided no objection was found to exist to the grant.	24th do	
21	Copy of Government of India No. 167, conveying sanction to the remission of assessment amounting to Rs. 3, on a piece of land situated at Hoskote, required for building purposes, was communicated to Nundydroog Commissioner.	Do do	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for Aug. 1875. Part II, Rev. Ag. & Com. Nos. 12 and 13.
22	The Superintendent of Inam Settlements was directed to report on the differences in certain figures relating to the extent, assessment and jodi of the inam attached to the Tirumaladevar temple in the Hoskote Taluk.	Do do	
23	In reply, the Nundydroog Commissioner was informed that the grant to the ryots of Kenkere village of 11 acres 17 guntas and 103 square yards of land assessed at Rs. 7—9—2, for rebuilding their village, was sanctioned.	Do do	*Vide* this Vol. Part II. "General" No. 46. "Inam"
24	Copies of a despatch from Her Majesty's Secretary of State, dated 24th June 1875, together with a report on the preparation and uses of Rhea fibre by the Reporter on Products, was forwarded to Nundydroog Commissioner with a request that the attention of the	27th do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	Superintendent of the Experimental Farm may be directed to the enquiry called for in para 5 of the Despatch. Copies to Commissioner, Ashtagram, and Director of Government Garden.		
25	In reply, the Nagar Commissioner was requested to explain the circumstances under which the resignation of certain lands by two Patels in their wargs was accepted.	27th Sept. 1875.	
26	The sanction of the Government of India in the Foreign Department was solicited to the permanent remission of assessment amounting to Rs. 21—11—6, on a piece of land obtained by the Roman Catholic Bishop for extending the ground attached to the Chapel at Hassan.	28th do	
27	In reply, the Under-Secretary in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce was informed, that the survey lists were despatched to Simla on the 25th instant, and that duplicates if necessary would be sent to Calcutta.	Do do	*Vide* this Vol. Statement General No. 63.

Mysore Chief Commissioner's Office,
Bangalore, 15 *October* 1875.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

PART II.

DEPT. OF REVENUE, AGRICULTURE AND COMMERCE.

FORESTS.

B.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF SEPTEMBER 1875.

MYSORE.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	In sanctioning an amount of Rs. 109—10—11, outstanding as an irrecoverable balance in the accounts of the Nagar Range against one Siddapa, the Officiating Chief Commissioner's observations were communicated to the Conservator on the course of action adopted by the Nagar Deputy Conservator in endeavouring to recover the amount.	1st Sept. 1875.	
2	As solicited by the Conservator of Forests, sanction was granted to a sum of Rs. 93—1—7, irrecoverable in the Nagar Range.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	4th do	
3	Copies of Government of India No. 21—938, relative to the formation of Committees to discuss special questions relating to the Forest Department, were forwarded to Conservator of Forests.	7th do	
4	In forwarding Government of India No. 857—873, dated 3rd August last, with Memorandum on the operations of the Forest survey, the Conservator was requested to report in detail what progress had been made in Forest surveys in this Province and what measures he would suggest for the extension of these operations, by a Forest Survey Department concurrently with the Topographical survey about to be commenced, and lastly whether there were any Officers whom he would wish to be employed in the Forest survey, as having special aptitude for the work.	Do do	
5	Copy of Government of India No. 837, dated 22nd July 1875, with two spare copies of the Revised Forest Rules for this Province, was forwarded to the Conservator of Forests, for remarks and explanation on the several points noticed in.	10th do	
6	As solicited by Conservator of Forests, the disbursement of Rs 6 as an acting allowance to a Forest Watcher for the period he conducted the duties of a Mutsaddi (Clerk) appointed to act for a Forest Ranger while on privilege leave was sanctioned with a request that he would warn the Officers of his Department that arrangements made by them for the performance of the duties of a Subordinate on privilege leave should involve no extra charge on the Government.	12th do	
7	As submitted by the Conservator of Forests, an application from the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District for the free grant of one cartload of wood and two cartloads of bamboos to one Dhobi Nanja was sanctioned.	16th do	
8	In reply, the Government of India in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce was informed that in the opinion of the Officiating Chief Commissioner it was very desirable that Local Governments should be authorized to sanction conveyance charges on account of horses taken by Forest Officers when travelling on public duty.	18th do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
9	As solicited by the Conservator of Forests, the purchase of two water-carts with two pairs of bullocks at a cost of Rs. 300—0—0 for the use of the Bada and Chota Hosahardi Plantations, Nundydroog Division, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	21st Sept. 1875.	
10	A proposition statement for re-organizing the Forest Department in this Province, with a view to carrying out the orders of the Government of India on the subject of placing the demarcated reserves on a satisfactory footing before they are transferred to the Native Government, was submitted with a report to the Government of India in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.	Do do	
11	A statement shewing the actual receipts and expenditure of the Forest Department for 1874—75 was submitted to the Government of India in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, with an intimation that an explanation had been called for from the Conservator on the items which differ from the accounts of the Deputy Accountant General and that the results will be reviewed on the Conservator's Annual Report.—Explanation called for from Conservator of Forests.	22nd do	
12	In reply, the Conservator of Forests was authorized to accept an offer made by one Jann Mahomed Sait of Bangalore for the purchase of 50 tons of Jajpokal or hollow roots of sandalwood at Rs. 370—0—0 per ton in the Ashtagram Division.	23rd do	
13	As solicited by the Conservator of Forests, the purchase of a pigeon-hole shelf at a cost of Rs. 16—0—0 for the use of the Officer in charge of Plantations, Nundydroog Range, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	28th do	
14	In reply, the Officiating Chief Commissioner's instructions in the matter of the refusal of one Nanjaiya to pay wood-yard rent were communicated to the Conservator of Forests.	30th do	

MYSORE CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
Bangalore, *October* 1875.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

PART II.

FINANCIAL.

B.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF SEPTEMBER 1875.

MYSORE.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	As solicited by Ashtagram Commissioner, an appropriation of a further sum of Rs. 100, from General Savings in the Mysore District, to meet cost of telegraph charges, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	1st Sept, 1875.	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for Nov. 1874, Part II, "Financial" No. 67.
2	A public service transfer receipt for Rs. 10 was forwarded to Messrs. Higginbotham & Co., Madras, in view to that amount being placed at credit of this Office on account of the High Court Reports supplied to Divisional Commissioners, to be adjusted in accounts furnished half-yearly.	Do do	
3	On the final report of the Deputy Accountant General, the transfer to the pension list of Venkatramaiya, late Peshkar of the Periyapatna Taluk, on a pension of Rs. 25 per mensem, was sanctioned.	2nd do	
4	As represented by Ashtagram Commissioner, a gratuity of Rs. 208—8—0, being disbursed to Homa, late Daffedar of the Town Magistrate's Court, Mysore, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
5	In reply, the Nagar Commissioner was informed that the Officiating Chief Commissioner sanctioned a moiety of the estimate amounting to Rs. 579, for repairing the mosque at Chitaldroog, being met from the available balance of Rs. 8,000 provided for in the Budget under the head of petty construction and repairs of chatrams.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
6	As requested by the Judicial Commissioner, the payment of Rs. 3—5—8 to a lascar employed temporarily during his late tour in the Kolar District was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	3rd do	
7	In reply, the Military Assistant was directed to prepare and forward Risaldar Govind Ram Lala's pension roll to the Deputy Accountant General for verification of service, &c.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	*Vide* Progs. for August 1875, Part II. "Military" No. 4.
8	As solicited by the Director of Public Instruction, the expenditure of Rs. 506, for making book-racks for the Central Book Depôt, was sanctioned.	6th do	
9	On a final report from the Deputy Accountant General, a gratuity of Rs. 279—2—0, on behalf of Syed Budan, 1st class Constable of the Mysore Town Police, was sanctioned.	Do do	
10	Under explanation furnished, the balance of an estimate amounting to Rs. 44, on account of furniture required for the Shimoga Judicial Assistant was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	7th do	
11	The opinion of the Deputy Accountant General was called for on an application from a Clerk in the Office of the Judicial Commissioner, praying that he may be allowed to return the amount of a gratuity received by him for service under the Madras Government.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
12	As solicited by Nundydroog Commissioner, a bill of refund for Rs. 3 to one Annappa and 2 others was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	8th Sept. 1875.	
13	As solicited by Nundydroog Commissioner, the purchase of certain Madras Almanacs, &c., at a cost of Rs. 26—2—0, for the use of the Bangalore District Treasury Officers, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	9th do	
14	As solicited by Nagar Commissioner, the re-appropriation of Rs. 814—4—10, from the available balance under head "compensation to Shanbhogs" to meet charges for remitting treasure, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
15	On the representation of the Offg. Superintendent of the Mysore Government Press, a pension of Rs. 8 per mensem, on behalf of B. Narayanswami, an English Compositor, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
16	As solicited by Nagar Commissioner, the purchase of certain articles of furniture required for the Munsiffs' Courts was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
17	As solicited by the Director of Public Instruction, the purchase of certain books for sale at the Government Book Depôts, at a cost of Rs. 501—9—0, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	10th do	
18	As solicited by the President, Cantonment Municipal Commission, an estimate amounting to Rs. 75, for constructing a public latrine, north of Kalhalli, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
19	In reply, a copy of the correspondence, on the subject of additional horse allowance to an Inspector of Police, was submitted to the Government of India in the Financial Department, with an explanation that in sanctioning the allowance the Officiating Chief Commissioner was guided by the precedent afforded in the Proceedings of the Madras Government of January 1866.	Do do	
20	As solicited by the Director of Public Instruction, an expenditure of Rs. 500, for the purchase of the copy-right of a Kanarese edition of Part II. of Graduated Translation, Exercises, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
21	As solicited by the Nagar Commissioner, an estimate for Rs. 121—13—11, for the repair of the tents of the Deputy Commissioner's Office, Shimoga District, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	11th do	
22	As submitted by Nundydroog Commissioner, a supplemental gratuity roll for Rs. 84, on behalf of Venkatabhoyi, a peon, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
23	Copies of statements of pensions and gratuities sanctioned by the Chief Commissioner during the quarter ending 30th June 1875, were submitted to the Government of India, in the Foreign Department.	13th do	
24	As solicited by the Ashtagram Commissioner, the purchase of a pair of Duplex kerosine table lamps for the use of his Office was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
25	On the representation of the Ashtagram Commissioner, the disbursement of a pension of Rs. 4—15—6, per mensem, to Narsaiya, a Shekdar in the Harnhalli Taluk, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
26	In reply, the Superintendent of Inam Settlements was informed that, under circumstances represented, the Officiating Chief Commissioner sanctioned the allowance for office-rent being raised to Rs. 80 per mensem.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	13th Sept. 1875.	
27	As solicited by Ashtagram Commissioner, 3 bills aggregating Rs. 206—2—0, for building a teakwood spirit-vat for storage of liquor in the Palhalli Distillery, for purchasing measuring pots, and for a press to contain glasses for use in the Distillery was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	14th do	
28	As solicited by Nundydroog Commissioner, the retention of the additional lascar sanctioned for the Chiknayakanhalli Sub-Divisional Assistant's Court for the remainder of the current year was authorized.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	*Vide* Part II. of Progs. for Nov. 1874, "Financial" No 48.
29	As solicited by the President, Cantonment Municipal Commission, an appropriation of Rs. 500, from the sum available under head XIV. Reserve, for defraying the cost of erecting a cholera shed and for the provision of medical comforts at the Cholera Hospital shed, Kalhalli, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	*Vide* this Vol. Part II. "General" No. 8
30	In reply, the Deputy Accountant General was informed that the payment of Rs. 160 to one Ramanujaengar, late a Gumasta in the Daftar Department, was sanctioned.	Do do	
31	The Deputy Accountant General was requested, in reply, to pay the sum of Rs. 6,500 to the Nundydroog Commissioner, being the purchase money of the house required for the Superintendent, Model Farm.	15th do	
32	On the representation of the Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, the disbursement of a gratuity of Rs. 206 to one Venkatraja, was sanctioned. Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
33	As solicited by Ashtagram Commissioner, sanction was conveyed to the weekly market at Hadige being held on Sunday, instead of Tuesday as hitherto, subject to report at the end of six months, if the change was acceptable to the people generally.	17th do	
34	On the representation of the Military Assistant, the transfer of Risaldar Govind Ram Lala to the pension list on a pension of Rs. 25 per mensem was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
35	In reply, a report was submitted to the Government of India, in the Financial Department, on the expediency of continuing to keep up Registers of Process fees levied under schedules 1 and 2 of the Court Fees Act.	Do do	
36	In reply, the Nundydroog Commissioner was authorized to allow any artisan or other employé of the Model Farm, sent to the Madras Farm for instruction, batta while so absent at the usual rate of ⅓ ths of pay, this permission being restricted to the current year.	18th do	
37	On the representation of the Deputy Accountant General, the transfer of Adjuster Venkatramanaiya to the pension list on a pension of Rs. 25 per mensem was sanctioned.	Do do	
38	On the representation of the Nagar Commissioner, the disbursement of gratuities to certain peons and others was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General with original applications and annexures.	Do do	
39	Copy of Government of India No. 3046, deciding how the pay of Military Officers employed in this Province and the Berars, should be debited when such officers receive subsistence allowance and English furlough pay respectively, was forwarded to the Deputy Accountant General. Gazetted.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
40	In reply, the Ashtagram Commissioner was informed that batta at the rate of 3-10ths of salary should be allowed to the Hospital Assistants employed on duty at the quarantine stations at Nanjangúd and Gundlupet.	20th Sept. 1875.	
41	Under circumstances represented by Nagar Commissioner, sanction was conveyed to Rs. 552—6—1 expended up to the end of June last, on the Jamma Masjid well at Shimoga, and he was informed that a corresponding provision would be made in the Budget for 1875—76 sanctioned in July last, thus raising the total estimated expenditure from Rs. 14,222 to Rs. 14,774—6—1.	Do do	*Vide* Part I. of Progs. for July 1875, Index Nos. 6 to 7.
42	In reply, the Officiating Judicial Commissioner was informed that a sum of Rs. 90 saved by the abolition of an appointment in his Office should be transferred to the Police Department in mitigation of the charges to be incurred in augmenting the Office of the Deputy Inspector General of Police.	21st do	
43	As submitted by the Nagar Commissioner, a bill amounting to Rs. 84 on account of acting allowance payable to K. Ramachandra Rao, Revenue Head Accountant of the Commissioner's Office, for the period during which he acted as Revenue Sheristadar, consequent upon the absence of the latter, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	22nd do	
44	As solicited by Nundydroog Commissioner, an estimate amounting to Rs. 3,075 for the construction of a Chatra a at Hoskote was sanctioned.	Do do	
45	In reply, the Chief Commissioner's instructions were communicated to the Deputy Accountant General on amended Budget Estimates of the Taluk Kasba Municipalities in the Ashtagram Division.	23rd do	
46	In reply, the Deputy Accountant General was informed that as Bangalore was only temporarily the head-quarters of the Inam Superintendent, the charge on account of office-rent was not of a permanent character.	24th do	*Vide* this Statement No. 26.
47	As solicited by Ashtagram Commissioner, the purchase of stationery for Rs. 25 for writing up certain Survey accounts was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
48	The sanction of the Government of India, in the Foreign Department, was solicited to the permanent remission of assessment amounting to Rs. 11—8—4, on two pieces of land required for public purposes in the Kolar District.	Do do	
49	In reply, the President, Cantonment Municipal Commission, was informed that the assignment of Rs. 2,500 made by the Chief Engineer, out of the "Prince of Wales' Reception Grant" was to aid the Municipality in improving their roads.—Communicated to Secretary, Department Public Works, and Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
50	In reply, the Military Assistant was informed that the grant of a compassionate allowance of Rs. 4 per mensem to Katija Bi, widow of the late Gulam Mahomed, Jamadar of the 4th Regiment of Barr was sanctioned for a period of ten years.	Do do	
51	In returning a bill amounting to Rs. 668—8—11 for repairing the Siledars' stables at Bangalore, the Deputy Accountant General was requested to state the source from which the amount was to be met.	Do do	
52	As solicited by Nagar Commissioner, the payment of acting allowances to certain employés in his Division at 20 per cent of the salary of the appointment for which they act was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
53	As solicited by Military Assistant, the value of certain percussion caps purchased for the Mysore Infantry at a cost of Rs. 94—5—4 being debited against current year's Budget allotment under head "Purchase and repair of arms, &c.," was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	24th Sep. 1875.	
54	As submitted by Nagar Commissioner, a bill for Rs. 3,293—10—9, being amount due to Shanbhogs in lieu of Aya in the several Taluks of the Chitaldroog District for quarter ending 31st July 1875, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General with bill.	27th do	
55	As solicited by Nagar Commissioner, the construction of a ferry boat at the "Sulekere halla" on the road from Mulchannur to Harihar, and to the entertainment of 4 ferrymen for working the boat at Rs. 7 each per mensem to be limited to two months, the charge being met from Local Funds, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Secretary, Department Public Works, and Deputy Accountant General.	28th do	
56	As solicited by Nagar Commissioner, the disbursement of Rs. 9-12-0 for binding certain gazettes was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
57	In reply, the Ashtagram Commissioner was informed that the grant of a personal allowance of Rs 30 to Tirumalachar, Naib Sheristadar of the Nanjangúd Sub-Division, could not be sanctioned.	Do do	
58	As solicited by the Offg. Superintendent of the Mysore Government Press, the entertainment temporarily for the remainder of the official year of additional hands at a cost of Rs. 111 per mensem, for expediting the printing of the Mysore and Coorg Gazetteers, was sanctioned, the cost being met from general savings.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
59	The Nagar Commissioner was requested to state in what proportion the sum of Rs. 1,000, referred to in Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No 4600—298, should be charged to the Irrigation Funds of the two Districts.	30th do	*Vide* Part I. of this Vol., "Financial" Index Nos. 4 & 5
60	In reply, the Director of Public Instruction was informed that the establishment of the Government Press had been increased in order to expedite the work of the Gazetteer, and he was requested to state for what additional period the services of the extra Writer would be required. Mr. Rice was also authorized to obtain a set of the Bombay Royal Asiatic Society's Journal for the Government Library.	Do do	
61	As solicited by the Deputy Accountant General, the purchase of a bench at a cost of Rs. 3 for the use of his Department was sanctioned.	Do do	
62	On the representation of the Nundydroog Commissioner, the grant of gratuities to certain peons in his Division was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General with applications.	Do do	
63	As solicited by Nundydroog Commissioner, the appropriation of funds available at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner to defray the cost of three Anché houses was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
64	Under circumstances represented, the Nagar Commissioner was informed that the Officiating Chief Commissioner accorded his sanction to an arrear of Rs. 274—13—1 being written off the accounts as irrecoverable.	Do do	
65	As submitted by Ashtagram Commissioner, a revised estimate amounting to Rs. 929 for constructing a well in the Nazarbad Mohalla, Mysore Town, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General and Secretary, Department Public Works.	Do do	

MYSORE CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
Bangalore, 18th October 1875.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

PART II.

GENERAL.

B.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF SEPTEMBER 1875.

MYSORE.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	Notification granting privilege leave to Amildars Venkatsubbaiya and Panchanath Rao, and making arrangements for the conduct of their duties, was gazetted and copy sent to Nagar Commissioner.	1st Sept. 1875.	
2	In reply, the Commandant, Bangalore Rifle Volunteers, was informed that Captain Callwell, Assistant Adjutant General of Musketry, had intimated that he proposed proceeding to Mysore for the purpose of inspecting the site selected for a Rifle Range for the Bangalore Rifle Volunteer Company at that station.	Do do	*Vide* Progs. for August 1875, Part II, "General" No. 57.
3	The Commandant, Sappers and Miners, was requested to furnish this Office with ten additional copies of the revised plan of the Cantonment of Bangalore.	Do do	
4	Notification granting Mr. A. Srinivasaiengar leave for ten days under Section 13, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, was gazetted and copy sent to Commissioner, Ashtagram Division.	Do do	
5	A list of Officers in this Province and Coorg with order of precedence, prepared in accordance with instructions received, was forwarded to G. H. M. Batten, Esq., Secretary, Precedence Committee, Simla.	2nd do	
6	Notification granting Timmaiya, Amildar of the Hoskote Taluk, one month's privilege leave from 13th August 1875 and appointing Hanumantaiya, Sheristadar of the Taluk, to act for him, was gazetted and copy sent to Nundydroog Commissioner.	Do do	
7	Notification granting Raghavendra Rao, Munsiff, Hunsur Sub-Division, 10 days' leave under Section 13, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, was gazetted and copy sent to Officiating Judicial Commissioner.	Do do	
8	As requested, a completion bill amounting to Rs. 186—8—3, being cost incurred in the construction of the Cholera shed at Kalhalli, was returned to President, Cantonment Municipal Commission, Bangalore.	4th do	
9	The packing accounts of the S. S. 'Inverdine' and 'Thibet,' together with the proceedings of the Committees of Survey, were returned to the General Superintendent of Public Works Stores, Madras.	Do do	
10	A baggage tent for the temporary use of the work-people at the Experimental Farm until the necessary buildings were completed, was forwarded to Mr. Harman.—Communicated to Nundydroog Commissioner.	Do do	
11	With reference to a communication from the Officiating Judicial Commissioner submitting information with reference to an application for a compensation pension on behalf of Mr. Kenny, that Officer was informed that under Section 47, Rule 5 of the Civil Pension Code, it was necessary that the abolished office should cause a saving to Government equal at least to the amount of the proposed compensation, and that as this condition had not been complied with, it would be useless to refer	Do do	

PART II.

GENERAL.

B.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF SEPTEMBER 1875.

MYSORE.

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2	In reply, the Commandant, Bangalore Rifle Volunteers, was informed that Captain Callwell, Assistant Adjutant General of Musketry, had intimated that he proposed proceeding to Mysore for the purpose of inspecting the site selected for a Rifle Range for the Bangalore Rifle Volunteer Company at that station.	Do do	*Vide* Progs. for August 1875, Part II, "General" No. 57.
3	The Commandant, Sappers and Miners, was requested to furnish this Office with ten additional copies of the revised plan of the Cantonment of Bangalore.	Do do	
4	Notification granting Mr. A. Srinivasaiengar leave for ten days under Section 13, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, was gazetted and copy sent to Commissioner, Ashtagram Division.	Do do	
5	A list of Officers in this Province and Coorg with order of precedence, prepared in accordance with instructions received, was forwarded to G. H. M. Batten, Esq., Secretary, Precedence Committee, Simla.	2nd do	
6	Notification granting Timmaiya, Amildar of the Hoskote Taluk, one month's privilege leave from 13th August 1875 and appointing Hanumantaiya, Sheristadar of the Taluk, to act for him, was gazetted and copy sent to Nundydroog Commissioner.	Do do	
7	Notification granting Raghavendra Rao, Munsiff, Hunsur Sub-Division, 10 days' leave under Section 13, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, was gazetted and copy sent to Officiating Judicial Commissioner.	Do do	
8	As requested, a completion bill amounting to Rs. 186—8—3, being cost incurred in the construction of the Cholera shed at Kalhalli, was returned to President, Cantonment Municipal Commission, Bangalore.	4th do	
9	The packing accounts of the S. S. 'Inverdine' and 'Thibet,' together with the proceedings of the Committees of Survey, were returned to the General Superintendent of Public Works Stores, Madras.	Do do	
10	A baggage tent for the temporary use of the work-people at the Experimental Farm until the necessary buildings were completed, was forwarded to Mr. Harman.—Communicated to Nundydroog Commissioner.	Do do	
11	With reference to a communication from the Officiating Judicial Commissioner submitting information with reference to an application for a compensation pension on behalf of Mr. Kenny, that Officer was informed that under Section 47, Rule 5 of the Civil Pension Code, it was necessary that the abolished office should cause a saving to Government equal at least to the amount of the proposed compensation, and that as this condition had not been complied with, it would be useless to refer	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	the matter again for the orders of the Government of India. The Officiating Judicial Commissioner was therefore informed that the Officiating Chief Commissioner considered it advisable that employment should be found for Mr. Kenny in his Office.		
12	As solicited by Ashtagram Commissioner, an estimate amounting to Rs. 5,679 for constructing V shaped drains in Mandi Mohalla in the town of Mysore, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	4th Sept. 1875.	
13	As solicited by Nundydroog Commissioner, an estimate amounting to Rs. 800 for constructing V shaped drains in the town of Kolar was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
14	In reply, the Military Assistant was informed that his proposal for a permanent increase to the salary of Mr. Knight, Band-Master, was premature, but that a further report would be awaited.	Do do	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for March 1875, Part II, "Military" No. 3.
15	Spare copies of Government of India, Home Department, No. 11--1288, on the question of allowing commission to Jail Officers on the profits of jail manufactures, were forwarded to Judicial Commissioner.	6th do	
16	Notification investing Mr. W. J. Cuningham, in charge of the Sagar Sub-Division, Shimoga District, under para 3 of the rules appended to Notification No. 215, dated 1st September 1871, with powers to take up and decide appeals from the decrees of Taluk Courts in Revenue cases, was gazetted and copy sent to Nagar Commissioner.	Do do	
17	The Secretary to the Board of Revenue, Madras, was solicited to state whether a glass Hydrometer graded similarly as Syke's Hydrometers, could be supplied on payment.	7th do	
18	Copy of a communication from the President, Cantonment Municipal Commission, reporting on the arrangements made for the conservancy of the Tanneries, was forwarded to the Assistant Quarter Master General, Mysore Division.	Do do	*Vide* Part I, of Progs. for August "General" Dept. Index Nos. 162.
19	In reply, the Officiating Judicial Commissioner was informed that as *post mortem* examinations are conducted by the Subordinate Medical Officers under the orders of the Civil Surgeons of the Divisions, the Officiating Chief Commissioner considered it preferable that any order relating to them be issued by or with the concurrence of the Deputy Surgeon General of Hospitals.	Do do	
20	As solicited by Ashtagram Commissioner, an estimate for Rs. 2,311 for improving the Body-Guard-well in the Krishnaraj Mohalla in the Town of Mysore was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	8th do	
21	Intimation having been received of the occurrence of cases of cholera within the limits of the Bangalore Municipality, the President was requested to submit daily reports in the form forwarded to this office, as also to the Assistant Quarter Master General and the Deputy Surgeon General of Hospitals.	Do do	
22	The Chief Secretary to Government, Fort Saint George, was solicited to state whether any orders have been passed by the Madras Government in granting exemption under Section 22 of the Code of Civil Procedure, Act VIII of 1859, to particular Gurus or Heads of Matts or religious Institutions from personal appearance in Courts.	9th do	
23	Copies of Government of India No. 2708, dated 19th ultimo, sanctioning an increase in the Anche establishment involving an extra charge of Rs. 77 per mensem, were forwarded to Anche Bakshi and Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
24	Notification vesting Gulam Dastaghir, Peshkar, and 3rd Class Magistrate of Maddur, under Clause A, Section 23 of Act X of 1872, to entertain complaints of which he has jurisdiction to try, was gazetted and copy sent to Officiating Judicial Commissioner.	10th Sept. 1875.	
25	In reply, the Inspector General of Registration was authorized to have the General Stamp Act of 1869 reprinted in English and Kannrese with an appendix containing subsequent Standing Orders on the condition that Government takes 100 English copies at one rupee each.	Do do	
26	Copies of Government of India No. 4—104, dated 26th ultimo, forwarding Note by Mr. H. M. Rogers on the subject of the cultivation of bamboos for paper stock, were forwarded to Conservator of Forests, and the Judicial Commissioner.	Do do	
27	In reply, the Ashtagram Commissioner was informed that to enable a candidate to pass the Amildar's test, one fourth of the maximum number of marks in each subject, and one third of the whole, should be obtained. Communicated to Commissioners, Nundydroog and Nagar.	Do do	
28	An extract from the rain register of the Shimoga District for the year 1873—74 was transmitted, as requested, to the Acting Chief Engineer for Irrigation, Poona.	11th do	
29	Notification granting Major Gompertz, Deputy Inspector General of Police, a month's privilege leave, was gazetted and copy sent to the Inspector General of Police.	Do do	
30	Copy of Government of India No. 1765, G. dated 31st ultimo, communicating particulars relative to the proceedings of a Persian named Mirza Mahomed Reza, Kuli *alias* Shek Reza Nuri now travelling in India, under an assumed title, was forwarded to the Inspector General of Police, with a request that a report may be submitted to this office in case he appeared in this Province.	Do do	
31	An indent in duplicate for clothing stores for the use of the Mysore Troops for 1876—77 was submitted to the Government of India, in the Financial Department.	Do do	
32	In reply, the Anche Bakshi was informed that the Rules under Chapter VIII of the Civil Leave Code regarding joining time may be made applicable to the Mutsaddis of his Department.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	13th do	
33	Copies of Government of India No. 1769 G, appointing Major General Browne, v. c. c. m. g. to the Staff of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales during His Royal Highness' stay in India, were forwarded to the Guardian to His Highness and Commissioners of Divisions.—Gazetted.	Do do	
34	A list of casualties amongst the trans-marine convicts at Port Blair was forwarded to the Officiating Judicial Commissioner with a request that steps may be taken for the intelligence reaching the relatives of the deceased convicts.—List published in Gazette.	14th do	
35	Copies of Government of India No. 2—270, dated 10th May last, on the subject of charges on account of elephant fodder, were forwarded to the Deputy Commissioners Bangalore and Mysore, together with an improved form for adoption adding to the articles therein mentioned cocoanut leaves and sugar-cane as fodder for elephants.	Do do	
36	Government of India, Home Department endorsement No. 1463, dated 3rd September 1875, calling for explanation as to the circumstances under which copies of the work entitled "Indian Wisdom" were ordered by the Mysore Government, direct from the author, was forwarded to the Director of Public Instruction for explanation.	15th do	
37	A copy of *Revue des Eaux et Forets Annales Forestieres* for July 1875, was forwarded to Conservator of Forests for distribution to Officers conversant with French.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
38	Copies of Diary of Proceedings for August 1875 were submitted to the Government of India in the Foreign, Home, Financial and Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce Departments.—Copies also circulated to Local Heads of Departments.	15th Sept. 1875.	
39	In forwarding copy of a communication from the Assistant Quarter Master General, Mysore Division, the President, Municipal Commission, was requested to report upon the points noticed relative to the pollution of the water in the wells from which the European inhabitants of the Fort of Bangalore obtain their supply of drinking water.	16th do	
40	Copy of Government of India No. 13—482, from Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, requesting information on certain points connected with the working of the Indian Companies' Act of 1866 was forwarded to the Registrar of Companies for detailed information on each point.	17th do	
41	A copy of the Medical Report of the Province, together with the Chief Commissioner's Review thereon, was forwarded to the Deputy Surgeon General of Hospitals, Mysore Division, for his own information.	Do do	
42	Five copies from extracts from the Deputy Surgeon General's report and the Chief Commissioner's review thereon, relating to the results of the meteorological observations for 1874, were submitted to the Government of India in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.	Do do	
43	Copy of a communication from the Anche Bakshi on the subject was forwarded to the Officiating Judicial Commissioner for report, whether a ruling of his Court referred to had been construed by the Courts as allowing correspondence connected with the service of processes in civil cases being sent through the Anche Post free of charge.	Do do	
44	Notification warning holders of coffee grants that they are bound by the obligation of their grants to give due notice to Deputy Commissioners of transfers of such grants whether by sale, gift, or mortgage was gazetted and copies in English and Kanarese circulated.	Do do	
45	Notification appointing Major Jarrett, v. c., Deputy Conservator of Forests, to conduct the duties of the office of Conservator of Forests in addition to his own, during the absence of Captain van Someren on public duty was gazetted.—Communicated to Major Jarrett, v. c. with the intimation that pending a reference to the Government of India, no additional charge can be incurred in the arrangement above ordered.	18th do	
46	Notification appointing certain persons to be Sub-Registrars in the Taluks of Mysore and Ashtagram was gazetted.	Do do	
47	As requested by the Madras Government, the Officer in charge of Her Majesty's Treasury was directed to arrange for the payment of the pension of one Mr. Haslain.	Do do	
48	Notification appointing Mr. B. Venkat Vardaiengar to officiate as an Assistant Commissioner of the 6th Grade with effect from 16th September 1875 and posting him temporarily to the Tumkúr District for duty in the Police Department was gazetted.—Communicated to Inspector General of Police.	Do do	
49	In reply, Mr. R. Knight was requested to supply this Administration with 25 copies of his new journal entitled "Indian Agriculture, Mineralogy and Statistics."	21st do	
50	In reply, the Chief Commissioner's instructions were communicated to Nagar Commissioner in regard to the appointment of two Peshkars for location at Kadur and Molkalmuru.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders
51	An application from one Tharaswami Chetti praying that he may be permitted to refund a gratuity paid him for service in the Madras Presidency was submitted for the orders of the Chief Secretary to Government, Fort Saint George.	18th Sept. 1875.	
52	Certain pages of the Army List duly corrected up to date was returned to the Assistant Secretary to the Government of India, Military Department.	Do do	
53	A report on the measures taken to exterminate wild beasts in this Province and Coorg was submitted to the Government of India in the Home Department.	20th do	
54	Notification appointing Narayin Reddi, a member of the Local Fund Committee of the Kolar District, was gazetted and copy sent to Nundydroog Division.	22nd do	
55	Notification investing Lieutenant-Colonel C. A. Benson, Officiating Judge, Small Cause Court, and Justice of the Peace, with the powers of a Magistrate of the 1st class under Section 20 of Act X of 1872, and with the additional powers described in Section 27 (*a*) of that Act, to be exercised within the limits of the Town and Cantonment of Bangalore was gazetted and copy sent to Judicial Commissioner.	Do do	
56	Copies of Government of India No. 22—974, forwarding Mr. Mann's and Dr. Schlich's Reports on Caoutchouc plantations in Assam and Bengal, were forwarded to the Conservator of Forests and Superintendent, Lal-Bagh.	23rd do	
57	A supplemental indent in duplicate for books required by the Mysore Educational Department for sale in the Central Book Depôt during 1876—77 was submitted to the Government of India in the Financial Department for submission to Her Majesty's Secretary of State.	Do do	Vide Vol. of Progs. for March 1875, "General" No. 16.
58	Copy of a communication from the Director of Public Instruction explaining the circumstances under which the work "Indian Wisdom" was ordered from the author was submitted in reply to the Government of India in the Home Department.	Do do	
59	Under the circumstances stated, the Superintendent of Inam Settlements was informed that there was no reason for making any modification in the Gradation List with regard to the name of Mr. Syed Nasiruddin and he was requested to inform that Officer accordingly.	24th do	
60	In returning packing account under date 22nd September 1875, to the General Superintendent of Public Works Stores, that Officer was requested to retransmit it at an early date to the Home Authorities in view to a duplicate copy of the work therein asked for in lieu of one lost being furnished at an early date.	Do do	
61	Government of India No. 3380, dated 15th instant, requesting to explain why certain portions of the Mysore Book of civil establishments for 1874 were written in the vernacular, was forwarded to Deputy Accountant General for report.	27th do	
62	A return shewing the number of Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers and effective Volunteers of the Bangalore Rifle Volunteer Corps for 1875 was submitted to the Government of India, Military Department.	Do do	
63	The Classified General and Disposition Lists of the Officers of the Mysore Revenue Survey Department, for half year ending 30th September 1875, was submitted to the Government of India, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.	Do do	
64	In reply, a further report in the case of Venkob Rao, Amildar of Chikballapur, was called for from Nundydroog Commissioner.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
65	In reply, the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, was requested to revise a list of journals and newspapers required for the use of the Superintendent of the Experimental Farm, and he was informed that a fire-proof box also needed would be included in the next indent on Her Majesty's Secretary of State, from this office.	25th Sept. 1875.	
66	A monthly statement of cash balances for 1st September 1875, was returned to the Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
67	In reply, the Military Assistant was authorized to purchase medicines and such articles as are indispensable for the current use of the Veterinary Establishment of the Mysore Horse, but he was directed to submit an indent for instruments and medicine for the ensuing year to this office for transmission to the Supreme Government.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
68	In reply, the Nundydroog Commissioner was requested to submit a list of the implements required for the use of the Experimental Farm.	Do do	
69	Notification appointing Garudachari, Sheristadar of the Pavagada Taluk, to act as Amildar of the 5th Grade and 3rd Class Magistrate of the Hiriyur Taluk, was gazetted.	Do do	
70	Notification granting Captain Price, Assistant Superintendent, Mysore Revenue Survey, subsidiary leave from the 22nd August to 8th September 1875, was gazetted and copy sent to Survey and Settlement Commissioner.	27th do	
71	Copy of Government of India No. 14—290, forwarding correspondence on the Bombay Vaccination Report for 1873—74, was forwarded to the Deputy Surgeon General of Hospitals.	Do do	
72	Copy of Government of India, Home Department No. 602, dated 17th instant, forwarding for guidance copy of a communication from the Bombay Government relating to the deportation of European civil insanes to England in April of each year, was forwarded to the Judicial Commissioner.	Do do	
73	Copy of a communication from the Assistant Commissary General, Bangalore, stating that the two coffee plants in the Lal-Bagh were not the true Liberian coffee but another of "West African coffee," was forwarded to the Superintendent of Lal-Bagh with reference to Proceedings dated 24th August 1875.	Do do	
74	The thanks of the Officiating Chief Commissioner were communicated to Colonel Benson, the Assistant Commissary General, for the information furnished and with an intimation that application had been made for a supply of Liberian coffee from Kew.	Do do	
75	Fifteen copies of the Report of Progress of the Mysore Revenue Survey for year ending 31st October 1874, with the Chief Commissioner's review thereon, were forwarded to the Survey and Settlement Commissioner, Mysore.	28th do	
76	The Traffic Manager was informed that the Superintendent, Jubbulpur School of Industry, had intimated that some tents intended for this Administration had been delayed at Jubbulpur owing to several breaks on the Madras Railway, and he was requested to state if such obstructions did exist and when the line was likely to be free as it was important that the tents should reach this during next month.	Do do	
77	Copies of Government of India Notification fixing the spelling of the names of the more important places in the Bombay Presidency including Sind, were circulated to Heads of Departments.	Do do	
78	In reply, the Ashtagram Commissioner was authorized to depute Mr. Krishna Murti, Assistant Commissioner, to settle the boundary dispute between Mysore and Kollegal if the interest of the Yelandur Jahagir were in no way concerned in it.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
79	Notification granting Kumarswami Modaliar, Amildar of the Ashtagram Taluk, 15 days' privilege leave, and appointing Gulam Dastaghir, Peshkar of Muddúr, to act as 5th Grade Amildar and 3rd Class Magistrate of that Taluk, during the absence of Kumarswami Modaliar, was gazetted and copy sent to Ashtagram Commissioner.	29th Sept. 1875.	
80	Notification granting Venkatrangaiengar, Amildar of Yedatore, 11 days' privilege leave in extension of that granted to him already, was gazetted and copy sent to Ashtagram Commissioner.	29th do	
81	Copy of Government of India No. 167, dated 15th September last, authorizing the Chief Commissioner to exercise powers of a Local Government in sanctioning grants-in-aid for educational purposes, together with copies of the letter from this Office, were forwarded to the Deputy Accountant General and Director of Public Instruction.	Do do	*Vide* Vol. for June 1875, Part II, "General," No. 68.
82	Copy of a Memo by the Anche Bakshi soliciting the transfer of the Tannah building at Tarikere for the use of his Department, was forwarded to the Inspector General of Police, with a remark that if it is not required by the Police Department its permanent transfer would be sanctioned.	28th do	
83	The Superintendent, School of Industry, Jubbulpur, was requested to furnish this Administration with three tents as described at an early date.	30th do	
84	In reply to a reference bringing to notice the circumstance of a panic having occurred in the Town of Mysore owing to a false rumour that some grain had been plundered, the Ashtagram Commissioner was informed that the Officiating Chief Commissioner considered that he had dealt with the matter with the promptitude and discretion which the occasion demanded and to have been well supported by the Town Magistrate. Major Hay was further informed that the celerity with which the detachment of Siledars turned out on the occasion was noticed with satisfaction.—Communicated to Military Assistant.	Do do	

MYSORE CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
Bangalore, 15 October 1875.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

PART II.

MILITARY.

B.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF SEPTEMBER 1875.

MYSORE.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	The Secretary to Government, Military Department, Fort Saint George, was requested to furnish this Office with the necessary authority for obtaining from the local Arsenal 100 short snider rifles with accoutrements sanctioned by the Government of India for the Bangalore Rifle Volunteers.	6th Sept. 1875.	
2	In reply, the Military Assistant was informed that the addition of the following rule to the Chanda Rules, was authorized. "On the death of a horse, or on its being found unfit for service, another horse will be provided from the Chanda fund, the Siledar paying an additional subscription of one month's pay, but in the event of the horse of a deceased or discharged Siledar being transferred; such payment shall not be demanded if the horse is more than 12 years of age or has been more than 6 years in the service."	29th do	

MYSORE CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
Bangalore, 15th October 1875.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.